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FREE & LOCAL

**WISCONSIN
SCHOOL BREAKFAST
REPORT**

Who Makes the Grade?

Analyzing the 2016-17 School Year

SCHOOL BREAKFAST PROGRAM ANALYSIS AND
BEST PRACTICES TO BENEFIT SCHOOLS AND STUDENTS

Visit HungerTaskForce.org for more information

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Wisconsin ranks last in the nation in the number of schools that offer the School Breakfast Program.



Almost 40% of students in Wisconsin qualify for free or reduced price meals.¹

In Wisconsin, 1 in 6 children live in poverty, and hunger is real for far too many families.² Child poverty and hunger rates in Wisconsin are comparable to surrounding states, yet Wisconsin continues to rank dead last in the nation for offering school breakfast to children.³ Increasing participation in the School Breakfast Program is a necessary strategy to improve student health and prepare students to learn.

The third annual *Wisconsin School Breakfast Report* analyzes access to and participation in school breakfast throughout the state. This report also looks back and highlights districts that have improved their participation in the School Breakfast Program. The purpose of the School Breakfast Report is to help connect districts to resources that help their students, and to empower districts to share solutions directly with each other through peer-to-peer connections.

This report also provides individual report cards for the 40 public school districts with the highest number of free and reduced price meal eligible students in the state.

Acknowledgments

This report was written and prepared by Hunger Task Force. Hunger Task Force gratefully acknowledges the support of its work to expand and improve the School Breakfast Program from:

- Share Our Strength's No Kid Hungry Campaign
- The Food Research and Action Center (FRAC)
- The Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction - School Nutrition Team

Hunger Task Force thanks the Cudahy School District, Green Bay Area Public School District, Johnson Creek School District, Madison Metropolitan School District, Manitowoc Public School District, Milwaukee Public School District, and Pepin Area Schools for their participation in the School Breakfast Program and their willingness to share their experiences operating School Breakfast Programs and implementing alternative breakfast models.

About Hunger Task Force

Hunger Task Force is Wisconsin's leading anti-hunger public policy organization. Founded in 1974 as the Concerned Citizens for School Breakfast, Hunger Task Force works to improve access to school meals through education, funding and organizing. Hunger Task Force believes that every person has a right to adequate food obtained with dignity. Hunger Task Force works to prevent hunger and malnutrition by providing food to people in need today and by promoting social policies to achieve a hunger free community tomorrow.

II. The Cost of Hunger



Hunger takes a physical, mental and academic toll on children.

Abundant research shows that hungry students have poorer academic and health outcomes.⁴ Children who do not have enough to eat suffer two-to-four times as many individual health problems compared to children who are well-nourished. Hunger delays the cognitive development of children, hindering their ability to achieve academically.⁵

Children who eat breakfast, on the other hand, are absent from school less often, have a decreased risk of being overweight and are less likely to have behavioral problems in school.⁶ In Wisconsin, 76 (out of 430 total public) school districts have more than 50% of their student population qualifying for free or reduced price meals. The need to offer school breakfast is based on the lack of access to nutritious food for a substantial number of Wisconsin children, but all students, regardless of socioeconomic status, can benefit from participating in the School Breakfast Program.

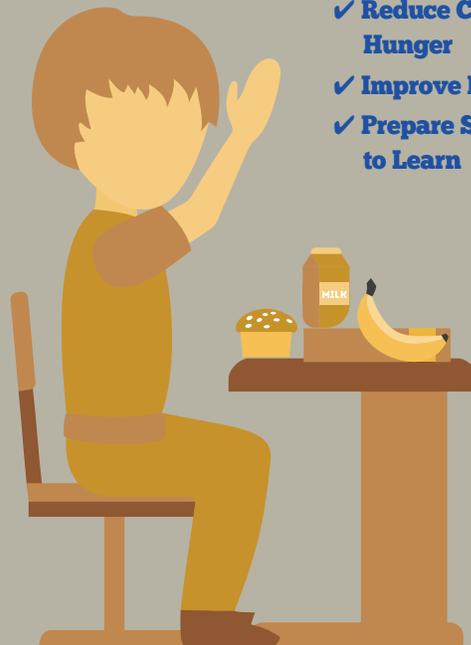
Not eating a well-balanced breakfast adds up:

- ✓ **Poorer Academic Outcomes**
- ✓ **Increased Health Problems**
- ✓ **Increased Absenteeism**
- ✓ **Cognitive Development Delays**
- ✓ **Increased Behavior Problems**
- ✓ **Increased Risk of Obesity**



Increasing participation in school breakfast is a clear strategy to:

- ✓ **Improve Diet Quality**
- ✓ **Lessen Obesity Risk**
- ✓ **Boost Academic Achievement**
- ✓ **Reduce Childhood Hunger**
- ✓ **Improve Health**
- ✓ **Prepare Students to Learn**



III. What is the School Breakfast Program?



Every morning, more than 164,000 children in Wisconsin wake up ready to eat breakfast at school, almost 80% of whom qualify for free or reduced price meals.⁷

The School Breakfast Program has become an integral part of many students' school day. This critical nutrition program provides children with the substantial nutrients they need to learn, grow and be healthy.

Permanently established in 1975, the School Breakfast Program provides financial reimbursement to any enrolled school—public or private—for all breakfasts served that meet specific meal patterns and nutritional guidelines. The School Breakfast Program is a federally funded program through the Food and Nutrition Service of the United States Department of Agriculture and administered in Wisconsin by the Department of Public Instruction.

All students may participate in the School Breakfast Program once a school enrolls. However, breakfast prices and reimbursement rates for each meal served vary depending upon the student's family income level (**Table 1**). Children can be certified "free" or "reduced price" meal eligible either through the collection of household income forms (eligibility based on guidelines in **Table 2**) or through **direct certification**.

Direct certification:
 students already identified as low-income by federal anti-hunger and anti-poverty programs are included in the free and reduced price meal eligible student count without having to submit meal applications.

Table 1: School Breakfast Program Federal Reimbursement (School Year 2016-17)⁸

	Family's Income with Regard to the Federal Poverty Level	Student Payment	Non-Severe Need Reimbursement*	Severe Need Reimbursement*
Free	At or below 130%	0	\$1.71	\$2.04
Reduced-Price	130-185%	\$0.30 cents (at most)	\$1.41	\$1.74
Paid	Above 185%	Full price of meal	\$0.29	\$0.29
Annual state breakfast aid for SY 2016-17.** Approximately 8.137 cents multiplied by the number of breakfasts served to students in the previous year, to the extent funds are available.			\$0.08137	\$0.08137

*A school is eligible for **severe need reimbursement** if 40 percent or more of the student lunches served at the school in the second preceding school year (SY 2014-15) were served free or at a reduced price. Severe need payment is made on an individual school basis.

**The above is the actual state breakfast aid for SY 2016-17. Independent Charter schools, Residential Child Care Institutions, Wisconsin Technical College System schools, and the two state run schools are not eligible for the state breakfast payment.



Each breakfast should include at least:

1 fruit or vegetable

1 whole-grain-rich item

1 non-fat or low-fat milk

Wisconsin is participating in the USDA National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program Demonstration Project to Evaluate Direct Certification for free and reduced price school meals using Medicaid Data. School enrollment data is now matched with Medicaid eligibility data to identify children who receive Medicaid, or live with a child who receives Medicaid, and whose family income, before expenses and deductions, does not exceed 130% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL) for free school meal eligibility or 185% of the FPL for reduced price meal eligibility.

Interested in starting a School Breakfast Program at your school?

Contact the Department of Public Instruction School Breakfast Specialists at DPISBP@dpi.wi.gov.

Table 2: Annual Income Eligibility Guidelines for Free and Reduced Price Meals (School Year 2016-17)⁹

Household Size	Federal Poverty Guidelines	Free Meals (130%)	Reduced Price Meals (185%)
1	\$11,880	\$15,444	\$21,978
2	\$16,020	\$20,826	\$29,637
3	\$20,160	\$26,208	\$37,296
4	\$24,300	\$31,590	\$44,955

IV. The State of School Breakfast in Wisconsin

Wisconsin must improve in two areas: access to school breakfast and breakfast participation.

In the 2016-17 school year, Wisconsin was the lowest performing state (51st out of 51; see **Map 1**) in terms of schools participating in the School Breakfast Program, offering breakfast in 81.3% of schools that also operate the National School Lunch Program.¹⁰ Furthermore, Wisconsin ranked 36th for the percentage of free and reduced price meal eligible students participating in breakfast of those participating in lunch (Wisconsin ranked 35th in the 2015-16 school year).

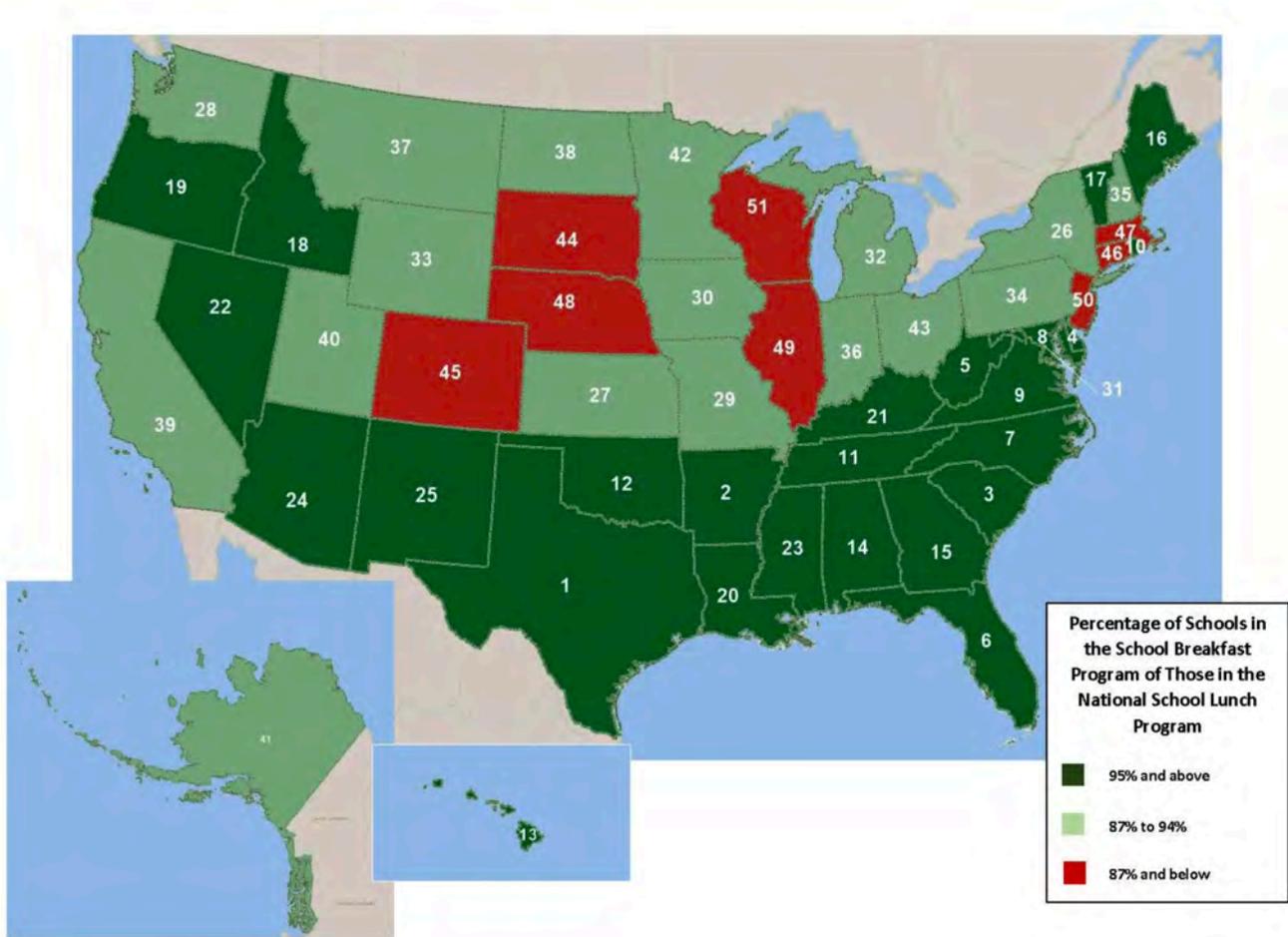
Some states, like Texas and Nevada, have implemented breakfast legislation to ensure all students start their day with a nutritious meal. As states across the country have shown, Wisconsin's ranking will improve once more districts are intentional about implementing successful breakfast strategies.

Policy change, at the state or local level, is often the most successful tool to achieve long-term, sustainable change.

See Appendix E

for State Legislation that helped increase participation in breakfast.

Map 1: Availability of the School Breakfast Program in Schools Across the US with State Rankings¹¹



Wisconsin’s School Breakfast Program has grown significantly in the past 10 years, but has failed to catch up to other states. In the 2006-07 school year, 85,326 students who qualified for free or reduced price meals participated in the School Breakfast Program, and in the 2016-17 school year, 149,522 students who qualified for free or reduced price meals participated, which is a 75% increase in participation. Even with strong growth, Wisconsin’s national ranking has remained relatively stagnant, hovering between 43rd and 35th for the past decade (currently ranking 36th).¹²

There are two ways to look at participation in the School Breakfast Program:

- 1) Average Daily Participation (ADP):
Number of breakfasts served each day/
days of service**
- 2) Breakfast Over Lunch (B/L):
ADP of Breakfast/ADP of Lunch**

Breakfast Over Lunch (B/L) is the preferred method for measuring participation because the percentage only accounts for the students who are present on a given day and typically participate in school meal programs. Using B/L can also give

a percentage over 100 when more students are eating breakfast than are eating lunch!

Nationally, successful participation is defined as at least 70 free and reduced price meal eligible students participating in the School Breakfast Program for every 100 free and reduced price meal eligible students participating in the National School Lunch Program. Thinking about this in terms of B/L, the goal is 70% participation.

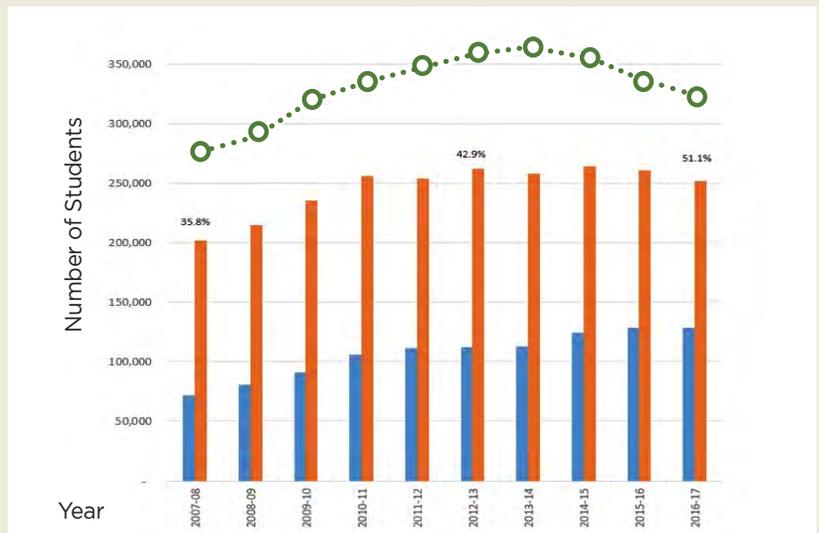
In the 2007-08 school year in Wisconsin, that ratio was 36 low-income students participating in school breakfast for every 100 participating in school lunch (36%). In the 2016-17 school year that ratio reached 51 students participating in school breakfast per 100 participating in school lunch (51%).

In the 2016-17 school year, of the 377 public school districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program, only 15% had a School Breakfast Program participation rate over 70%.¹³

Wisconsin still has a long way to go to ensure all students have access to a nutritious meal to start their day. As indicated in **Figure 1**, there are still hundreds of thousands of students who qualify for free or reduced price meals, but do not have access to breakfast at school.

Figure 1:
Growth in Free and Reduced-Price Breakfast and Lunch Participation vs. Free and Reduced Price Meal Eligible Students*

- Wisconsin Breakfast Participation
- Wisconsin Lunch Participation
- Wisconsin Students Eligible for FRP Meals



*Note: This figure’s percentages present a picture of the growth in SBP participation across Wisconsin, as a share of NSLP participation, across the ten-year period.

For students who rely on school meals, possibly as their only meals of the day, having access to the National School Lunch Program is not enough. Students need school breakfast to support their health and learning.

In 60% of Wisconsin's public school districts, fewer than half of the low-income children who eat school lunch are also eating school breakfast. **Tables 3** and **4** show the 20 public school districts with the most room for improvement in breakfast participation. All districts in **Tables 3** and **4** have at least 30% of their district student population qualifying for free or reduced price meals.

Many public school districts in Wisconsin exceed expectations in terms of School Breakfast Program participation. See **Tables 5** and **6** for the top 20 public school districts in school breakfast participation.



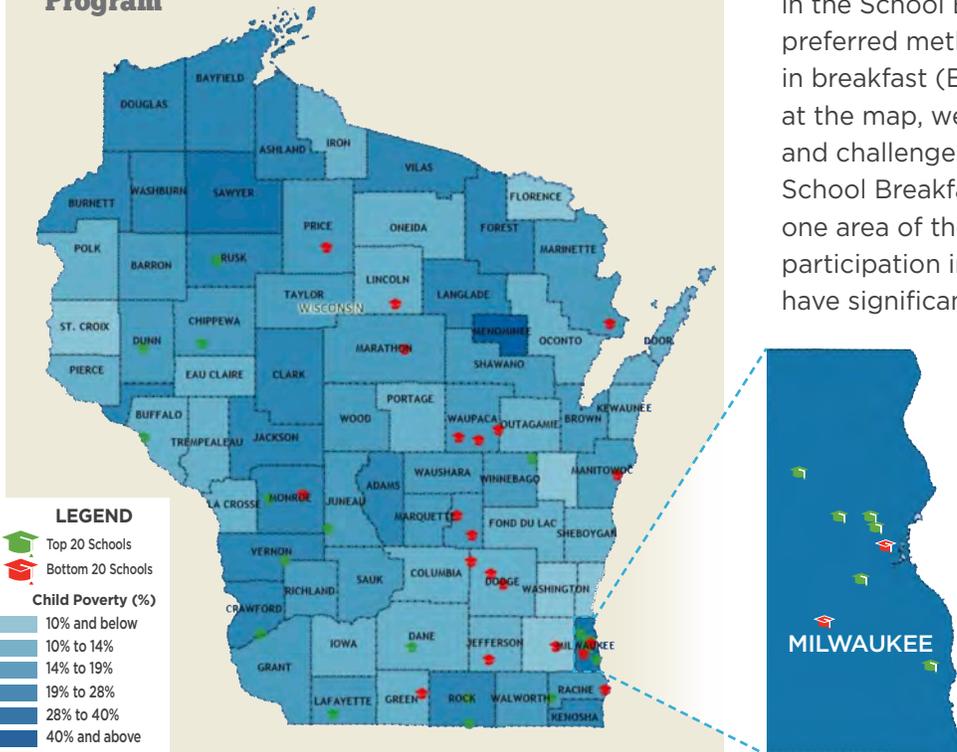
School Spotlight:

Manitowoc School District

- ✓ **District Enrollment for the 2016-17 School Year** **5,036**
- ✓ **Percentage of Students Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Meals** **41.0%**

Historically, Manitowoc Public School District (MPSD) had low breakfast participation using the traditional before school breakfast model. In Fall 2016, the district decided to implement Breakfast in the Classroom (BIC) in one elementary school. After switching to BIC, participation jumped to over 300 breakfasts per day (a 415% increase)! Due to this success, the district added 3 more schools to the BIC program in the 2017-18 school year. Before implementation, these 4 schools served a combined average of 250 breakfasts per day. Now that number has jumped to 1,000.

Map 2: Top 20 Districts and 20 Districts with Room for Improvement in the School Breakfast Program



Map 2 shows the *top 20 districts* and the *20 districts with the most room for improvement* in the School Breakfast Program, using the preferred method for looking at participation in breakfast (Breakfast Over Lunch). Looking at the map, we can see that the successes and challenges to district participation in the School Breakfast Program is not isolated to one area of the state. Many districts with poor participation in the School Breakfast Program have significant levels of childhood poverty.

Table 3: Districts, of 2,000 or more students, with Room for Improvement in School Breakfast Participation*



County of School District	School District	Rank in School Breakfast Participation (out of 377)	Ratio of FRP Students in SBP per 100 in NSLP**
Milwaukee	Greenfield	328	27.4
Lincoln	Merrill Area	325	27.7
Jefferson	Fort Atkinson	318	28.6
Waupaca	New London	312	29.5
Dodge	Beaver Dam	308	30.2
Marathon	D.C. Everest	306	30.3
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	285	32.9
Waupaca	Waupaca	280	33.4
Monroe	Tomah Area	277	33.8
Waukesha	Waukesha	274	35.0

*All districts have a district population with at least 30% of students qualifying for free or reduced price meals
 **FRP stands for free or reduced price meal eligible. The national goal for breakfast participation is 70%.

Table 4: Districts, of less than 2,000 students, with Room for Improvement in School Breakfast Participation*



County of School District	School District	Rank in School Breakfast Participation (out of 377)	Ratio of FRP Students in SBP per 100 in NSLP**
Milwaukee	Bruce Guadalupe	368	9.0
Green Lake	Princeton	362	15.7
Columbia	Randolph	359	17.7
Green	Albany	352	19.0
Waupaca	Weyauwega-Fremont	347	20.6
Racine	21st Century Preparatory	346	20.6
Price	Prentice	343	22.5
Marinette	Peshtigo	341	22.6
Green Lake	Markesan	339	24.8
Dodge	Dodgeland	335	26.0

*All districts have a district population with at least 30% of students qualifying for free or reduced price meals
 **FRP stands for free or reduced price meal eligible. The national goal for breakfast participation is 70%.

Table 5: Top Districts, of 2,000 or more students, According to School Breakfast Participation



County of School District	School District	Rank in School Breakfast Participation (out of 377)	Ratio of FRP Students in SBP per 100 in NSLP*
Winnebago	Menasha Joint	12	88.1
Rock	Beloit	21	81.9
Dane	Verona Area	38	74.7
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	42	73.7
Dunn	Menomonie	46	72.4
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	48	71.9
Rock	Janesville	49	71.8
Monroe	Sparta Area	51	71.7
Milwaukee	South Milwaukee	52	71.0
Racine	Burlington	62	68.6

*FRP stands for free or reduced price meal eligible. The national goal for breakfast participation is 70%.

Table 6: Top Districts, of less than 2,000 students, According to School Breakfast Participation

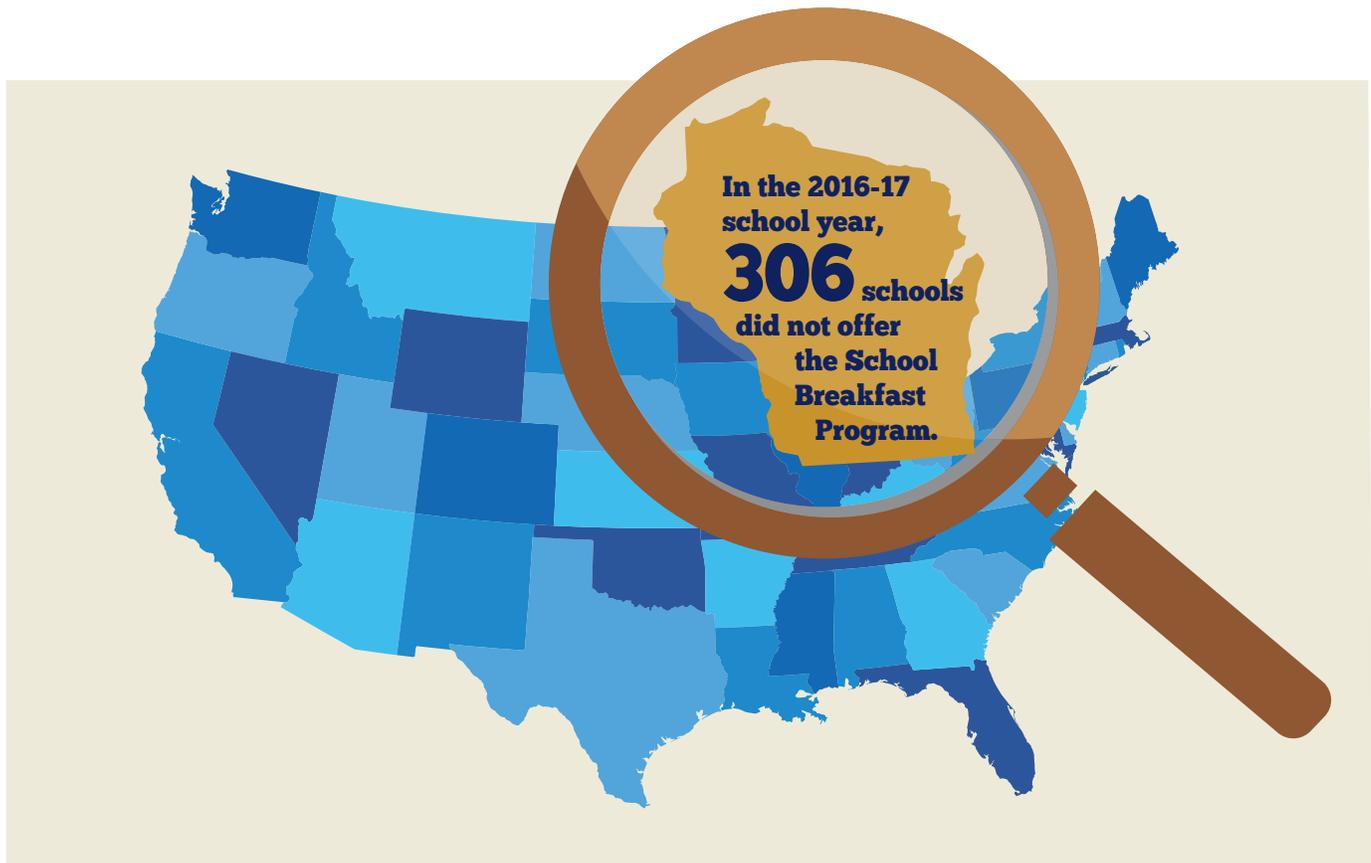


County of School District	School District	Rank in School Breakfast Participation (out of 377)	Ratio of FRP Students in SBP per 100 in NSLP*
Milwaukee	Penfield Montessori	1	121.8
Milwaukee	Capitol West Academy	2	106.4
Rusk	Bruce	3	104.4
Milwaukee	Rocketship	4	95.3
Milwaukee	School for Early Development	5	95.3
Vernon	Kickapoo Area	6	94.6
Buffalo	Alma	7	94.0
Lafayette	Shullsburg	8	93.8
Crawford	Wauzeka Steuben	9	92.3
Juneau	Royall	10	91.9

*FRP stands for free or reduced price meal eligible. The national goal for breakfast participation is 70%.

Increased participation in breakfast creates ready learners who are less likely to disrupt classroom activities or complain of headaches and stomachaches throughout the morning.

V. Improving School Breakfast in Wisconsin



Ranking 51st (out of the 50 states and Washington, DC) in the number of schools participating in the School Breakfast Program, Wisconsin can only improve. Regardless of size or location, the easiest way to ensure no student goes hungry while they are in the care of their school is to implement these successful strategies for improving participation:

1. Enroll in the School Breakfast Program

In the 2016-17 school year, there were 42 school districts (10% of all public districts in Wisconsin) that offered the National School Lunch Program but had no schools participating in the School Breakfast Program. Enrolling schools in a breakfast program is easy and ensures all students have access to a nutritious meal that helps them learn, grow and be healthy.

Interested in starting a School Breakfast Program?

Contact the DPI School Breakfast Specialists, at DPISBP@dpi.wi.gov.

2. Improve Access to Breakfast

When adults think about school breakfast, they often think of the traditional model where students have to make it to school 30 minutes before the start of the day to receive a breakfast in the cafeteria. School nutrition professionals realized that this was not the most effective way to reach all students. Alternative breakfast models are becoming the norm in school districts across the country. Increased participation in school breakfast is seen almost immediately when Breakfast After the Bell is introduced, and is most impactful when paired with an alternative breakfast model:

a. Breakfast in the Classroom¹⁴



As the name implies, students eat breakfast in the classroom at the beginning of the school day or during morning break. This model can be adjusted based on a school's facilities. Breakfasts can be delivered to the classroom by school nutrition personnel, students or staff, or students can stop by the cafeteria, breakfast kiosk or table and grab a breakfast on their way to the classroom (called "Grab-and-Go to the Classroom"). Little teaching time is lost, as only 10 to 15 minutes are needed for students to eat and clean up. This time can be counted as instructional minutes when students complete morning work or teachers read-aloud. Breakfast time can also be spent taking attendance, collecting homework and delivering announcements. Teacher concerns about breakfast in the classroom disappear when they see how much more productive their classes are when students start their day with a healthy meal.

b. Grab-and-Go Breakfast¹⁵



Grab-and-Go Breakfast is a popular option most often found in middle and high school settings. Breakfasts are typically packaged in bags or on trays, and students may pick up their breakfast from a central location in the school (at the school entrance, for example) and eat it when and where they want, within school guidelines. Breakfasts are usually packed the day before by food service staff for easier set-up the next morning. Breakfast can be served for an elongated period, starting before school, and ending any time before lunch service begins. This option is popular at schools where a large number of students have to eat in a short amount of time, such as at a school where students typically get to school right before the bell rings and don't have time to visit the cafeteria for breakfast. Students enjoy the flexibility that a Grab-and-Go Breakfast provides, and schools enjoy well-fed students who are ready to start their day.

"When breakfast is served before school in the cafeteria, you are forcing some kids to choose between: 1) eating and being tardy or 2) going hungry and getting to school on time."

- Dakota, parent at Milwaukee Public Schools

c. Second Chance Breakfast¹⁶



This option allows students to get a second chance at a morning meal. This model works best in high schools, where students often aren't hungry right when they wake up.¹⁷ Students are allowed to eat breakfast during a break or an elongated passing period, usually between 9:00am and 10:00am. Reimbursable breakfasts are individually packaged and served from a mobile cart or table located in a high traffic area where many students can be served in a short period of time. Many high schools already offer a break from classes in the morning (i.e., an advisory period), so this model does not require a schedule change. By serving a reimbursable meal at this time, students who were not hungry first thing in the morning, or those who ate breakfast very early, now have a second chance to eat a healthy meal.

Interested in Implementing an Alternative Breakfast Model?

Contact Maureen Fitzgerald at 414-238-6475 or maureen@HungerTaskForce.org

“The changes we made to improve breakfast participation were very simple. We talked with the kids to better explain the breakfast program. We moved the middle school breakfast to a “snack” time in between their classes. Our program is making school breakfast something the kids want to participate in! Next year, we will be adding some hot items, which will continue to increase participation!”

- Kassidy Lemminger, Food Service Director, Johnson Creek School District

Traditional breakfast models can create barriers to participation, including making participation difficult for students who ride the bus or are dropped off by parents just in time for the start of the school day, and it forces students to choose between playing outside with friends before school and coming inside to eat breakfast by themselves.

By implementing an alternative breakfast model, all students will have access to healthy, nutritious meals, so that everyone starts the day ready to learn.

“Now breakfast is offered after our 1st block for all students grades 7-12. Students grab a meal during the passing period and return to their homeroom with their breakfast. While I cannot currently link the change in breakfast time directly to performance improvements, I am sure this is having a positive impact on student learning.”

- Bruce Quinton, Superintendent, Pepin Area Schools

3. Maximize Reimbursements

Improving school breakfast participation has financial benefits as well. If 70 low-income students were served school breakfast per 100 served school lunch, an additional 42,824 students would be eating breakfast in Wisconsin and our state would have received an additional \$12,303,656 in federal funding in the 2016-17 school year.

a. Enroll in Community Eligibility Provision

The Community Eligibility Provision (CEP) is a simplified way to serve all students in high-need schools breakfast and lunch at no charge. CEP is a 4-year reimbursement option for eligible local educational agencies (LEAs) and schools participating in both the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program that wish to offer free school meals to all children without collecting household applications. Single schools, groups of schools, or districts with at least a 40% identified student percentage (ISP) may enroll in



CEP. The ISP is calculated by first determining the number of identified students. Identified students are students already identified as low-income by federal anti-hunger and anti-poverty programs, such as FoodShare, W-2, Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations, foster care or Head Start, or any student who is homeless or migrant. That number is then divided by the number of enrolled students, and then multiplied by 100. When schools qualify at the highest level (62.5% ISP or above), all meals are reimbursed at the “free” rate, maximizing federal reimbursement. As a benefit of CEP, schools and districts are not placed in the difficult position of collecting on overdrawn meal accounts and refusing service to hungry children.

For more information on CEP:
 Visit the DPI School Nutrition website or contact Jessica Lessner, Nutrition Program Consultant at DPI, at jessica.lessner@dpi.wi.gov or 608-267-2293.

Per the Wisconsin CEP LEA and School Notification Report for the 2017-18 school year, Wisconsin has 398 schools participating out of 552 eligible. This means Wisconsin is capturing 72.1% of eligible schools in CEP.



School Spotlight:

Green Bay Area Public School District

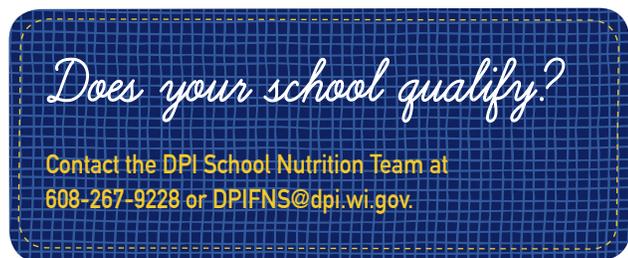
- ✓ Number of schools enrolled in CEP in March 2016 **3**
- ✓ Number of school enrolled by the 2017-18 SY **17**

Green Bay Area Public School District continues to expand CEP to maximize benefits for students. In March 2016, the first 3 schools enrolled in CEP. This was so successful, the School Board approved an additional 11 schools to implement CEP in at the beginning for the 2016-17 school year. Keeping student hunger top of mind, the Food Service Department added 3 more schools to CEP at the beginning of the 2017-18 school year.

Schools that do not qualify for CEP should consider the following options for maximizing reimbursement and meal participation:

b. Severe Need Breakfast¹⁸

A school is eligible for severe need reimbursement if 40% or more of the student lunches served at the school in the second preceding school year (for the 2016-17 school year, this would be the 2014-15 school year) were served free or at a reduced price. Severe need payment is made on an individual school building basis. This provides schools with additional reimbursement for every breakfast served to a student eligible for free or reduced price meals.



c. Elimination of Reduced Price Breakfast¹⁹

Schools that eliminate reduced price breakfast only offer their students two prices for breakfast: free and full price, so students who would typically qualify for a reduced price meal are able to receive a free breakfast. This option works well in schools that have low participation of reduced price qualifying students participating in school breakfast. This is significant for families because the cost of a reduced price breakfast can add up very quickly, making breakfast at school cost-prohibitive. For schools, when participation increases, so does federal reimbursement, meaning schools can cover the cost of serving breakfast to reduce price qualifying students free of charge. This is important because schools must continue claiming the federal reimbursement at the qualified income category for each student.

d. Universal Free Breakfast²⁰

In this model, breakfast is available at no charge to all students, regardless of their household income. Universal Free Breakfast is usually offered at schools that have a high percentage of students that qualify for free or reduced price meals (often cited as more than 60%). Yet, many schools with a lower percentage of free or reduced price meals operate successful Universal Free Breakfast programs. This strategy pairs well with BIC because when schools see an increase in participation, they also see an increase in reimbursement revenue, offsetting the cost of serving breakfast to every student free of charge. While a free breakfast is given to any student who wants one, the school must claim the federal reimbursement at the qualified income category for each student. Universal Free Breakfast is a great strategy for schools to use because, like CEP, it reduces the stigma attached to eating meals at school.

“ All School District of Janesville students are offered a free breakfast every day. Once we implemented Universal Free Breakfast, students realized that school breakfast was for everyone. Although no conclusions can be directly attributed to breakfast, we have received feedback from principals and teachers attributing improved student behavior, the ability to stay focused and improved test scores to breakfast. We are running a successful breakfast program, maximizing revenues and providing school nutrition programs with more resources. Keeping programs viable while providing for the needs of our community is what my job is all about.”

- Jim Degan, Manager of School Nutrition, School District of Janesville

VI. Report Cards

In this report, 40 School Districts have been targeted for an in-depth analysis on performance within the School Breakfast Program. These districts were chosen because they have the highest number of children qualifying for free or reduced price meals.



SFA Name	County	District Enrollment	Percentage of Students Qualifying for FRP Meals	District Breakfast Participation	Rank in 2016-17 SY	Rank in 2015-16 SY
Appleton	Outagamie	16271	37.1%	50.6%	143	180
Baraboo	Sauk	2989	40.5%	41.4%	218	232
Beaver Dam	Dodge	3562	47.7%	30.2%	308	311
Beloit	Rock	6959	73.9%	81.9%	21	30
Chippewa Falls	Chippewa	5180	36.7%	73.7%	42	59
Cudahy	Milwaukee	2443	54.0%	44.7%	197	348
D C Everest	Marathon	5498	30.7%	74.9%	36	291
Delavan-Darien	Walworth	2182	54.5%	41.3%	222	231
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	11201	37.6%	40.0%	236	230
Fond du Lac	Fond du lac	7273	39.6%	52.7%	133	149
Green Bay	Brown	21014	57.3%	46.4%	178	219
Greenfield	Milwaukee	3529	42.9%	27.4%	328	319
Janesville	Rock	10287	47.6%	71.8%	49	91
Kenosha	Kenosha	21818	49.9%	41.4%	219	224
La Crosse	LaCrosse	6710	46.8%	63.8%	79	85
Madison	Dane	26923	46.1%	56.6%	109	101
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	5036	41.0%	32.9%	385	355
Marshfield	Wood	4069	29.5%	38.2%	250	227
Menasha	Winnebago	3506	57.8%	88.1%	12	18
Middleton-Cross Plains	Dane	6808	17.7%	40.6%	229	228
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	76661	81.2%	71.9%	48	65
Neenah Joint	Winnebago	6633	25.5%	55.5%	113	145
Oak Creek-Franklin	Milwaukee	6519	23.9%	16.4%	361	362
Oshkosh	Winnebago	9903	39.5%	36.3%	264	274
Racine	Racine	19141	62.7%	53.0%	131	133
Sheboygan Area	Sheboygan	10349	41.1%	52.0%	137	177
South Milwaukee	Milwaukee	3222	48.9%	71.0%	52	43
Sparta Area	Monroe	2681	45.4%	71.7%	51	38
Stevens Point	Portage	7199	30.2%	37.8%	253	245
Sun Prairie	Dane	8209	24.5%	44.5%	198	190
Superior	Douglas	4752	44.7%	59.6%	96	63
Tomah	Monroe	2952	42.0%	33.8%	277	263
Verona	Dane	5428	28.4%	74.7%	38	52
Watertown	Jefferson	3746	37.8%	45.1%	191	182
Waukesha	Waukesha	13074	33.0%	35.0%	274	343
Wausau	Marathon	8431	43.4%	54.5%	121	93
Wauwatosa	Milwaukee	7054	22.9%	33.1%	284	307
West Allis-West Milwaukee	Milwaukee	9172	55.7%	43.8%	203	202
West Bend	Washington	6814	26.7%	31.1%	299	303
Wisconsin Rapids	Wood	5069	41.2%	61.7%	87	82

School Breakfast Report Card Rubric

The School Breakfast Report Card evaluates public school districts in Wisconsin in three separate categories. Each category measures how the school district (SD) responds to the problem of student hunger. The three categories are:

1. School Breakfast Program (SBP) Participation:

Grade	Percent	Context for Grade
A	70.0-100	72.4 is the ratio of FRP SBP to NSLP participation for the top 25% of public SDs in Wisconsin in the 2016-17 school year
B	52.4-69.9	56.7 is the average ratio of FRP SBP to NSLP participation among states for the 2016-17 School Year
C	42.4-52.3	47.4 is the average ratio of FRP SBP to NSLP participation across all public SDs in Wisconsin participating in the SBP for the 2016-17 school year
D	0-42.3	Needs improvement

This grade is based on the Average Daily Participation (ADP) of students who qualify for free and reduced price (FRP) meals in the School Breakfast Program (SBP) divided by the ADP of students who qualify for FRP meals in the National School Lunch Program (NSLP). The national goal is 70%.

2. Breakfast Time and Place:

Grade	Percent	Context for Grade
A	91 – 100	30% of SDs that utilize alternative breakfast model
B	46 – 90	SDs that fell on the median for participation percentage of utilizing alternative school breakfast models
C	26 – 45	Average utilization rate of alternative breakfast models
D	0 – 25	SDs that had very low number of individual schools utilizing an alternative breakfast model compared to overall size of their district

This grade is based on the percentage of schools in a school district (not including pre-schools, kindergartens or virtual schools) implementing alternative breakfast models.

+ If a school district has a SBP participation rate of more than 70% and has accomplished that without the use of alternative breakfast models, they will not receive a failing grade for Breakfast Time and Place.

3. Community Eligibility Provision (CEP):

Grade	Percent	Criteria for Grade
A	90-100	Percentage of schools at 55% ISP or above enrolled in CEP of those eligible in the SD
B	70-89	Percentage of schools at 55% ISP or above enrolled in CEP of those eligible in the SD
C	50-69	Percentage of schools at 55% ISP or above enrolled in CEP of those eligible in the SD
D	0-49	Percentage of schools at 55% ISP or above enrolled in CEP of those eligible in the SD
Opportunity Available (O)	The SD has eligible schools (40-54% ISP) that are not enrolled in CEP	
N/A	The SD has no schools eligible for CEP	

This grade is based on the percentage of eligible schools adopting CEP with an Identified Student Percentage (ISP) of 55% or above. Districts with a grade of "O" have schools eligible for CEP, but not enrolled, at 40-54% ISP.

Each report card also includes a **Take Action** section, which outlines improvement steps for the district. This section contains a revenue descriptor that demonstrates school districts' annual lost revenue each year their school breakfast participation is not 70% of the participation in the National School Lunch Program.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

Appleton Area Public School District



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

38



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

1

District Enrollment **16,271**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **37.1%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **50.6%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **143**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **180**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+4.9%**

C

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **12%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **88%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **6**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **6**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **2**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **1**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **3**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Appleton Area Public School District could obtain an additional \$233,942 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools not implementing CEP.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: <https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program> "Service Models"

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-anddistricts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



Baraboo School District

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

9



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **2,989**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **40.5%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **41.4%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **218**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **232**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+1.3%**

D

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **0%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **100%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **1**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

0⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Baraboo School District could obtain an additional \$62,870 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

Contact Hunger Task Force at **414-238-6475** or maureen@HungerTaskForce.org for more information on breakfast resources or if you would like to share your school or district's breakfast story.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

Beaver Dam Unified School District



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

9



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **3,562**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **47.7%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **30.2%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **308**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **311**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+1.0%**

D

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **0%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **100%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **3**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

0⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Beaver Dam Unified School District could obtain an additional \$137,785 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools not implementing CEP.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



School District of Beloit

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

15



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **6,959**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **73.9%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **81.9%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **21**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **30**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+4.3%**

A

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **100%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **0%**

A

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **13**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **13**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **13**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The School District of Beloit should continue to strive for a fully enrolled School Breakfast Program.**
- ✓ **Become a Breakfast Champion in Wisconsin, working with districts around the state to successfully implement alternative breakfast models.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force to share your breakfast story.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

Contact Hunger Task Force at **414-238-6475** or **maureen@HungerTaskForce.org** for more information on breakfast resources or if you would like to share your school or district's breakfast story.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

Chippewa Falls Area Unified School District



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

10



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **5,180**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **36.7%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **73.7%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **42**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **59**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+4.3%**

A

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **88%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **12%**

+

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **1**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

0⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Chippewa Falls Area Unified School District should continue to strive for a fully enrolled School Breakfast Program.**
- ✓ **Become a Breakfast Champion in Wisconsin, working with districts around the state to successfully implement alternative breakfast models.**
- ✓ **Implement Universal Free Breakfast in all eligible schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force to share your breakfast story.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



School District of Cudahy

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

7



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **2,443**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **54.0%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **44.7%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **197**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **348**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+22.0%**

C

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **71%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **29%**

B

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **5**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

D⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The School District of Cudahy could obtain an additional \$69,620 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast After the Bell in the middle and high school to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools not implementing CEP.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-anddistricts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

Contact Hunger Task Force at **414-238-6475** or maureen@HungerTaskForce.org for more information on breakfast resources or if you would like to share your school or district's breakfast story.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



D C Everest Area School District

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

11



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **5,498**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **30.7%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **74.9%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **36**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **291**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+42.6%**

A

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **30%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **70%**

+

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **1**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

0⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The D C Everest Area School District should continue to strive for a fully enrolled School Breakfast Program.**
- ✓ **Become a Breakfast Champion in Wisconsin, working with districts around the state to successfully implement alternative breakfast models.**
- ✓ **Implement Universal Free Breakfast in all eligible schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force to share your district's story of significant improvement in the School Breakfast Program.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



Delavan-Darien School District

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

5



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **2,182**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **54.5%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **41.3%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **222**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **231**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+0.9%**

D

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **0%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **100%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **3**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

0⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Delavan-Darien School District could obtain an additional \$92,302 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools not implementing CEP.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

Contact Hunger Task Force at **414-238-6475** or maureen@HungerTaskForce.org for more information on breakfast resources or if you would like to share your school or district's breakfast story.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

Eau Claire Area School District



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

23



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

3

District Enrollment **11,201**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **37.6%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **40.0%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **236**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **230**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **-0.4%**

D

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **32%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **68%**

C

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **6**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **1**

D⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ The Eau Claire Area Public School District could obtain an additional **\$246,226** in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least **70%** of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.
- ✓ Enroll all schools in the School Breakfast Program.
- ✓ Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.
- ✓ Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools.
- ✓ Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-anddistricts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



Fond du Lac School District

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

17



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

1

District Enrollment **7,273**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **39.6%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **52.7%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **133**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **149**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+2.3%**

B

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **44%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **56%**

C

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **3**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

D⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Fond du Lac School District could obtain an additional \$113,462 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Enroll all schools in the School Breakfast Program.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-anddistricts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

Contact Hunger Task Force at **414-238-6475** or **maureen@HungerTaskForce.org** for more information on breakfast resources or if you would like to share your school or district's breakfast story.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

Green Bay Area Public School District



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

42



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

3

District Enrollment **21,014**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **57.3%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **46.4%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **178**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **219**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+4.9%**

C

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **21%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **79%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **22**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **17**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **3**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **11**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **3**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Green Bay Area Public School District could obtain an additional \$632,143 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools not implementing CEP.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: <https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program> "Service Models"

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-anddistricts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



School District of Greenfield

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

6



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **3,529**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **42.9%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **27.4%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **328**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **319**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **-0.3%**

D

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **67%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **33%**

B

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **0**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

N/A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The School District of Greenfield could obtain an additional \$131,901 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast After the Bell at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Implement Universal Free Breakfast at all eligible schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about successfully implementing various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: <https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program> "Service Models"

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

Contact Hunger Task Force at **414-238-6475** or maureen@HungerTaskForce.org for more information on breakfast resources or if you would like to share your school or district's breakfast story.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



Janesville School District

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

23



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **10,287**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **47.6%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **71.8%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **49**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **91**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+12.6%**

A

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **57%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **43%**

A

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **10**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **9**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **5**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **4**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Janesville School District should continue to strive for a fully enrolled School Breakfast Program.**
- ✓ **Become a Breakfast Champion in Wisconsin, working with districts around the state to successfully implement successful breakfast programs.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force to share your district's story of significant improvement in the School Breakfast Program.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



Kenosha Unified School District

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

43



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **21,818**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **49.9%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **41.4%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **219**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **224**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+0.5%**

D

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **13%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **87%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **20**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **18**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **18**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Kenosha Unified School District could obtain an additional \$651,375 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools not implementing CEP.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

Contact Hunger Task Force at **414-238-6475** or maureen@HungerTaskForce.org for more information on breakfast resources or if you would like to share your school or district's breakfast story.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



School District of La Crosse

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

23



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **6,710**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **46.8%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **63.8%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **79**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **85**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+3.5%**

B

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **30%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **70%**

C

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **4**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **2**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **1**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **1**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The School District of La Crosse could obtain an additional \$40,956 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools not implementing CEP.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

Madison Metropolitan School District



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

63



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

3

District Enrollment **26,923**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **46.1%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **56.6%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **109**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **101**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **-0.9%**

B

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **2%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **98%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **28**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **23**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **18**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **3**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **2**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Madison Metropolitan School District could obtain an additional \$342,298 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-anddistricts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

Contact Hunger Task Force at **414-238-6475** or maureen@HungerTaskForce.org for more information on breakfast resources or if you would like to share your school or district's breakfast story.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

Manitowoc Public School District



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

12



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

3

District Enrollment **5,036**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **41.0%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **32.9%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **385**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **355**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+13.8%**

D

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **11%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **89%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **5**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

0⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Manitowoc Public School District could obtain an additional \$161,915 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Offer the School Breakfast Program at all schools in the district.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Implement Universal Free Breakfast at all eligible schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-anddistricts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



School District of Marshfield

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

8



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **4,069**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **29.5%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **38.2%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **250**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **227**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **-2.5%**

D

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **0%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **100%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **0**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

N/A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The School District of Marshfield could obtain an additional \$76,605 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

Contact Hunger Task Force at **414-238-6475** or **maureen@HungerTaskForce.org** for more information on breakfast resources or if you would like to share your school or district's breakfast story.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

Menasha Joint School District



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

8



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **3,506**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **57.8%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **88.1%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **12**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **18**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+7.1%**

A

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **88%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **12%**

+

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **1**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

0⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Menasha Joint School District should continue to strive for a fully enrolled School Breakfast Program.**
- ✓ **Become a Breakfast Champion in Wisconsin, working with districts around the state to successfully implement alternative breakfast models.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force to share your breakfast story.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

Middleton Cross Plains Area School District



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

12



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **6,808**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **17.7%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **40.6%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **229**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **228**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+0.1%**

D

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **0%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **100%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **0**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

N/A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Middleton Cross Plains Area School District could obtain an additional \$65,577 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Implement Universal Free Breakfast at all eligible schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

Contact Hunger Task Force at **414-238-6475** or **maureen@HungerTaskForce.org** for more information on breakfast resources or if you would like to share your school or district's breakfast story.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

Milwaukee Public School District



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

162



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **76,661**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **81.2%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **71.9%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **48**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **65**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+4.1%**

A

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **59%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **41%**

+

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **158**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **158**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **152**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **1**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **4**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **1**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Milwaukee Public School District should continue to strive for a fully enrolled School Breakfast Program.**
- ✓ **Become a Breakfast Champion in Wisconsin, working with districts around the state to successfully implement alternative breakfast models.**
- ✓ **Implement alternative breakfast models in all district schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force to share your district's story of significant improvement in the School Breakfast Program.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-anddistricts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



Neenah Joint School District

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

14



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

6

District Enrollment **6,633**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **25.5%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **55.5%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **113**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **145**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+4.2%**

B

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **57%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **43%**

B

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **0**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

N/A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Neenah Joint School District could obtain an additional \$43,372 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Offer the School Breakfast Program at all schools in the district.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment at all schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

Contact Hunger Task Force at **414-238-6475** or maureen@HungerTaskForce.org for more information on breakfast resources or if you would like to share your school or district's breakfast story.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

Oak Creek-Franklin Joint School District



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

11



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **6,519**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **23.9%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **16.4%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **361**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **362**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+2.3%**

D

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **0%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **100%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **0**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

N/A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Oak Creek-Franklin Joint School District could obtain an additional \$154,031 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: <https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program> "Service Models"

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-anddistricts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



Oshkosh Area School District

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

24



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

2

District Enrollment **9,903**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **39.5%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **36.3%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **264**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **274**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+1.2%**

D

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **5%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **95%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **6**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

0⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Oshkosh Area School District could obtain an additional \$244,436 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools not implementing CEP.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

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SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

Racine Unified School District



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

37



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

2

District Enrollment **19,141**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **62.7%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **53.0%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **131**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **133**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **-0.2%**

B

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **39%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **61%**

C

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **24**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **21**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **16**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **4**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **1**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Racine Unified School District could obtain an additional \$461,978 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-anddistricts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

Sheboygan Area School District



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

26



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

2

District Enrollment **10,349**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **41.1%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **52.0%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **137**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **177**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+6.2%**

C

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **21%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **79%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **8**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **4**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **4**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Sheboygan Area School District could obtain an additional \$182,391 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools not implementing CEP.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: <https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program> "Service Models"

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

Contact Hunger Task Force at **414-238-6475** or maureen@HungerTaskForce.org for more information on breakfast resources or if you would like to share your school or district's breakfast story.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

School District of South Milwaukee



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

6



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **3,222**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **48.9%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **71.0%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **52**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **43**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **-2.3%**

A

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **83%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **17%**

+

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **2**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

0⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The School District of South Milwaukee should continue to strive for a fully enrolled School Breakfast Program.**
- ✓ **Become a Breakfast Champion in Wisconsin, working with districts around the state to successfully implement alternative breakfast models.**
- ✓ **Implement Universal Free Breakfast at all eligible schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force to share your breakfast story.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: <https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program> "Service Models"

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-anddistricts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



Sparta Area School District

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

12



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **2,681**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **45.4%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **71.7%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **51**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **38**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **-3.1%**

A

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **25%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **75%**

+

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **3**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

0⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Sparta Area School District should continue to strive for a fully enrolled School Breakfast Program.**
- ✓ **Become a Breakfast Champion in Wisconsin, working with districts around the state to successfully implement alternative breakfast models.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force to share your breakfast story.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

Contact Hunger Task Force at **414-238-6475** or maureen@HungerTaskForce.org for more information on breakfast resources or if you would like to share your school or district's breakfast story.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

Stevens Point Area Public School District



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

18



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **7,199**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **30.2%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **37.8%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **253**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **245**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **-0.9%**

D

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **13%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **87%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **1**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

0⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Stevens Point Area Public School District could obtain an additional \$151,447 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: <https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program> "Service Models"

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-anddistricts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



Sun Prairie Area School District

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

14



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **8,209**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **24.5%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **44.5%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **198**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **190**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+0.0%**

C

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **8%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **92%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **1**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

0⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Sun Prairie Area School District could obtain an additional \$100,115 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools not implementing CEP.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

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SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



School District of Superior

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

9



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **4,752**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **44.7%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **59.6%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **96**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **63**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **-8.3%**

B

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **38%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **63%**

C

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **1**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

0⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The School District of Superior could obtain an additional \$45,777 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: <https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program> "Service Models"

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-anddistricts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



Tomah Area School District

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

13



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **2,952**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **42.0%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **33.8%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **277**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **263**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **-2.9%**

D

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **0%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **100%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **2**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

0⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Tomah Area School District could obtain an additional \$87,474 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all eligible schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

Contact Hunger Task Force at **414-238-6475** or maureen@HungerTaskForce.org for more information on breakfast resources or if you would like to share your school or district's breakfast story.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



Verona Area School District

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

13



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **5,428**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **28.4%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **74.7%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **38**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **52**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+3.7%**

A

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **55%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **45%**

+

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **0**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

N/A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Verona Area School District should continue to strive for a fully enrolled School Breakfast Program.**
- ✓ **Become a Breakfast Champion in Wisconsin, working with districts around the state to successfully implement successful breakfast programs.**
- ✓ **Continue to utilize Universal Free Breakfast and elimination of reduced price meals.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force to share your breakfast story.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: <https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program> "Service Models"

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-anddistricts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

Watertown Unified School District



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

9



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **3,746**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **37.8%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **45.1%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **191**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **182**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **-0.3%**

C

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **0%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **100%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **2**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

0⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Watertown Unified School District could obtain an additional \$79,320 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

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SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



School District of Waukesha

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

28



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

7

District Enrollment **13,074**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **33.0%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **35.0%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **274**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **343**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+11.1%**

D

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **13%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **87%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **3**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **1**

D⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The School District of Waukesha could obtain an additional \$271,646 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Enroll all schools in the School Breakfast Program.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



Wausau School District

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

23



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **8,431**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **43.4%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **54.5%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **121**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **93**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **-4.8%**

B

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **18%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **82%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **8**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **7**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **5**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **1**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **1**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Wausau School District could obtain an additional \$137,613 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

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SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



Wauwatosa School District

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

17



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

5

District Enrollment **7,054**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **22.9%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **33.1%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **284**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **307**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+3.3%**

D

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **0%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **100%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **0**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

N/A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The Wauwatosa School District could obtain an additional \$104,362 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all eligible schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

West Allis-West Milwaukee School District



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

19



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **9,172**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **55.7%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **43.8%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **203**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **202**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+0.6%**

C

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **16%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **84%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **9**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **9**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **8**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **1**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The West Allis-West Milwaukee School District could obtain an additional \$317,152 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Eliminate the reduced-price payment or implement Universal Free Breakfast at all schools not implementing CEP.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: <https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program> "Service Models"

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-anddistricts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

Contact Hunger Task Force at **414-238-6475** or **maureen@HungerTaskForce.org** for more information on breakfast resources or if you would like to share your school or district's breakfast story.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:



West Bend School District

District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

13



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

2

District Enrollment **6,814**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **26.7%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **31.1%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **299**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **303**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+0.6%**

D

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **0%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **100%**

D

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **0**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **0**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

N/A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ **The West Bend School District could obtain an additional \$143,806 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.**
- ✓ **Enroll all schools in the School Breakfast Program.**
- ✓ **Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.**
- ✓ **Implement Universal Free Breakfast at all eligible schools.**
- ✓ **Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.**

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: [https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program "Service Models"](https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/Service%20Models)

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST REPORT CARD:

Wisconsin Rapids Public Schools



District Snapshot:¹

County of District



Percentage of Child Poverty in City of School District²



Number of District Schools

16



District Schools Not Participating in the SBP³

0

District Enrollment **5,069**

Percentage of Students who Qualify for FRP⁴ meals **41.2%**

Category

Grade

School Breakfast Participation

- > District Student Participation⁵: **61.7%**
- > Rank in Wisconsin Breakfast Participation⁶: **87**
- > Rank in Breakfast Participation for the 2015-16 SY: **82**
- > Difference in SBP Participation from 2015-16 SY: **+1.2%**

B

Breakfast Time and Place

- > Percentage of schools using *alternative* breakfast models: **46%**
- > Percentage of schools using *traditional* breakfast models: **64%**

B

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)⁷

- > Number of schools eligible for CEP: **5**
- > Number of schools enrolled in CEP: **2**
 - Schools enrolled in 2014-15 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2015-16 SY: **0**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2016-17 SY: **2**
 - Additional schools enrolled in 2017-18 SY: **0**
- > Schools with an ISP >62.5%, but not enrolled⁸: **0**

A⁹

Take Action:

- ✓ Wisconsin Rapids Public Schools could obtain an additional \$39,646 in federal reimbursement when it serves breakfast to at least 70% of the free and reduced price meal eligible students eating lunch.
- ✓ Implement Breakfast in the Classroom or another alternative breakfast model at all schools to increase participation in school breakfast.
- ✓ Eliminate the reduced-price payment at all schools not implementing CEP.
- ✓ Contact Hunger Task Force or DPI to learn about various breakfast models that can help feed more kids and increase reimbursement for the district.

¹ October 2016 district data obtained from dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics

² Census Bureau, ACS 5-year estimates

³ Obtained from: <https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program> "Service Models"

⁴ Free and reduced-price

⁵ Measured as ADP of FRP students eating breakfast over ADP of FRP students eating lunch for 2016-17 SY

⁶ Ranking out of 377 districts in Wisconsin participating in the School Breakfast Program in the 2016-17 SY

⁷ Data published on DPI's website as the CEP Lea and Notification report. Year of schools enrolling obtained from <https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/cep-participating-schools-and-districts-1617.pdf>

⁸ This category is limited to >62.5% to acknowledge that, for schools qualifying for CEP below this level, enrolling in CEP may not make fiscal sense for the district.

⁹ Districts with a letter grade have schools enrolled in CEP or schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5% ISP. Districts with a number instead of a letter grade did not have any schools eligible for CEP at or above 62.5%. The number represents how many schools are eligible for CEP between 50 and 62.5%. Districts with an "N/A" grade have no schools eligible for CEP above 50% ISP.

Contact Hunger Task Force at **414-238-6475** or maureen@HungerTaskForce.org for more information on breakfast resources or if you would like to share your school or district's breakfast story.

VII. Appendices

Appendix A: Acronyms and Definitions

Appendix B: School Districts That Show Significant Improvement in School Breakfast Participation

Appendix C: School Districts That Have Added at Least One School to the School Breakfast Program

Appendix D: School Districts Enrolled in the National School Lunch Program with No Sites Participating in the School Breakfast Program

Appendix E: National Breakfast Legislation

Appendix F: Wisconsin School Meals Rock! Campaign

Appendix G: Medicaid Direct Certification Frequently Asked Questions

Appendix H: Statewide School Breakfast Participation

Appendix A: Acronyms and Definitions

Average Daily Participation (ADP): The average number of children participating in a school meal program each operating day. This number is obtained by dividing the total number of meals claimed by the total days of meal service.

Breakfast After the Bell (BATB): A breakfast program in which food is served and consumed after the instructional day has begun. Instruction may occur simultaneously to breakfast consumption.

Breakfast in the Classroom (BIC): A model of serving breakfast in which food is consumed in the classroom.

Breakfast Over Lunch (B/L): This number is used to describe participation in the School Breakfast Program. It is calculated by dividing the ADP of the School Breakfast Program by the ADP of the National School Lunch Program. The national goal, set by the Food Research and Action Center, is 70%.

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP): A provision from the Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010 that allows schools and local education agencies to provide free breakfast and lunch to all students at no cost to the family.

Direct Certification (DC): A process conducted by states and local educational agencies to certify eligible children for free meals without the need for household applications.

Federal Poverty Level (FPL): The set minimum amount of gross income needed to satisfy the needs (i.e. food, clothing, shelter, transportation) of a family. The FPL is determined by the Department of Health and Human Services according to the number of individuals in a family.

Free and Reduced Price (FRP): A term used to indicate meal eligibility. Student households must meet certain criteria to qualify for free or reduced price meals. The basis of eligibility for free and reduced price meals can be determined through categorical eligibility, direct certification or income-based eligibility.

Identified Students (IS): Students certified for free meals through means other than individual household applications (e.g., using Direct Certification).

Identified Student Percentage (ISP): The percentage of identified students multiplied by a factor set by the United States Department of Agriculture (currently 1.6) to determine the total percentage of meals reimbursed at the federal free reimbursement rate for CEP eligible schools.

National School Lunch Program (NSLP): A federally subsidized meal program for public and nonprofit private schools that provides per meal cash reimbursement for each qualifying lunch served. It provides a lunch that meets federal nutrition guidelines set by the United States Department of Agriculture to students during the school day. President Harry Truman established the program in 1946 under the National School Lunch Act.

School Breakfast Program (SBP): A federally subsidized meal program for public and nonprofit private schools that provides per meal cash reimbursement for each qualifying breakfast served. It provides a breakfast that meets federal nutrition guidelines set by the United States Department of Agriculture.

Appendix B: School Districts That Show Significant* Improvement in School Breakfast Participation

School District	Percentage Growth	2016-17 School Year		2015-16 School Year		2014-15 School Year	
		FRP Students in SBP per 100 in NSLP	Rank	FRP Students in SBP per 100 in NSLP	Rank	FRP Students in SBP per 100 in NSLP	Rank
Capitol West Academy	78.0	106.4	2	91.6	7	28.3	305
Cassville	56.1	79.3	26	71.8	50	23.3	331
Pittsville	35.7	78.9	30	73.8	40	43.1	190
Edgerton	32.3	38.0	252	33.8	283	5.7	374
Poynette	30.6	68.9	61	70.2	55	38.4	226
Dodgeville	26.8	47.1	170	43.0	205	20.3	344
Jefferson	25.4	73.0	44	72.8	46	47.6	159
Woodruff Joint #1	23.9	43.3	207	27.1	326	19.4	348
Wauzeka Steuben	23.0	92.3	9	72.0	49	69.3	49
Marathon City	21.5	46.4	177	39.2	239	25.0	322
Plymouth Joint	21.0	35.8	267	37.7	254	14.8	357
Berlin Area	20.3	46.8	172	44.9	187	26.5	315
Belmont Community	20.0	44.9	195	37.7	252	24.9	323
Cudahy	18.6	44.7	197	22.7	348	26.1	318
LaFarge	18.2	85.9	14	66.2	71	67.7	56
Eau Claire Area	18.0	40.0	236	40.4	230	21.9	335
Portage Community	17.8	45.3	187	39.1	242	27.6	312
Pepin Area	16.8	45.1	190	28.8	315	28.3	308
Johnson Creek	16.6	74.0	41	57.0	106	57.4	101
Mequon-Thiensville	16.6	28.3	319	23.7	344	11.7	361
Janesville	16.1	71.8	49	59.3	91	55.7	108
Spooner Area	15.7	80.9	23	73.1	44	65.2	64
Sheboygan Area	15.1	52.0	137	45.8	177	36.9	238
Beloit	15.0	81.9	21	77.6	30	66.9	61

*Significant is defined by at least 15% growth since the 2014-15 School Year

Appendix C: School Districts That Have Added at Least One School to the School Breakfast Program

School districts that have added at least one school to the School Breakfast Program since the 2014-15 school year.

School District	County
Arrowhead United High	Waukesha
Barnevled	Iowa
Colfax	Dunn
DePere	Brown
Grafton	Ozaukee

School District	County
Herman-Neosho-Rubicon	Dodge
Penfield Montessori Academy, Inc.	Milwaukee
Stellar Collegiate, Inc.	Milwaukee
Waterford Graded Jt. #1	Racine

Appendix D: School Districts Enrolled in the National School Lunch Program with No Sites Participating in the School Breakfast Program

School District	County
Brighton #1	Kenosha
Brodhead	Green
Brown Deer	Milwaukee
Cedar Grove-Belgium	Sheboygan
Cedarburg	Ozaukee
Clinton Community	Rock
Darlington Community	La Fayette
Deerfield Community	Dane
Erin	Washington
Evansville Community	Rock
Fox Point Joint #2	Milwaukee
Franklin Public	Milwaukee
Friess Lake	Washington
Gibraltar	Door
Glendale River Hills	Milwaukee
Hamilton	Waukesha
Hilbert	Calumet
Howards Grove	Sheboygan
Kettle Moraine	Waukesha
La Casa de Esperanza, Inc.	Waukesha
Lake Country	Waukesha

School District	County
Linn Joint #4	Walworth
Linn Joint #6	Walworth
Luxemburg-Casco	Kewaunee
Maple Dale Indian Hill	Milwaukee
Mayville	Dodge
Muskego-Norway	Waukesha
New Berlin	Waukesha
Oostburg	Sheboygan
Palmyra Eagle	Jefferson
Paris J1	Kenosha
Pewaukee	Waukesha
Port Washington-Saukville	Ozaukee
Reedsville Public	Manitowoc
Rosendale-Brandon	Fond du Lac
Stockbridge	Calumet
Stone Bank	Waukesha
Lakeland	Walworth
Williams Bay	Walworth
Woodlands East	Milwaukee
Woodlands School	Milwaukee

Appendix E: National Breakfast Legislation

Policy change, at the state or local level, is often the most successful tool to achieve long-term, sustainable change to the School Breakfast Program. Below are examples of states that have passed legislation with the goal of improving participation in the School Breakfast Program.

West Virginia:²⁵

In April 2013, West Virginia passed Senate Bill 663, also known as the West Virginia Feed to Achieve Act. This bill required all public schools to implement innovative delivery strategies for breakfast service and provide every student with at least two nutritious meals per day. As a result of this legislation, West Virginia ranks first in school breakfast participation in the country.

Texas:²⁶

In 2013, Texas passed Senate Bill 376, which required schools with 80% or more of their students qualifying for free or reduced price meals to offer a free breakfast to every student. It also required every school with at least 10% of enrolled students qualifying for free or reduced price meals to offer the School Breakfast Program.

Nevada:²⁷

In June 2015, Governor Sandoval signed Senate Bill 503, also known as the Breakfast After the Bell bill into law. This bill required all Nevada schools with more than 70% of students qualifying for free or reduced price meals to implement a Breakfast After the Bell model. There was a fiscal note attached to this bill, setting aside \$2 million in grant money to assist schools with implementation. The year this bill went into effect, an additional 3,606,566 breakfasts were served in Nevada.

Illinois:²⁸

In 2016, Illinois signed SB 2393 into law. This bill required schools where more than 70% of students are eligible for free or reduced price meals to implement Breakfast After the Bell. This law expands on existing breakfast legislation, which requires schools with at least 40% of their student population qualifies for free or reduced price meals to offer school breakfast.

Appendix F: Wisconsin School Meals Rock! Campaign

Wisconsin School Meals Rock! is a multimedia campaign to communicate with families and the broader school community about the healthfulness of school meals. As part of the campaign, several resources and activities have been developed to start up and promote your school breakfast program. Check out resources for school nutrition professionals, administrators, parents, and students and see videos from across the state that show how Wisconsin School Meals Rock!

Visit the Wisconsin School Meals Rock! Website to learn how to Get School Breakfast for an A+ Boost!
<https://dpi.wi.gov/wisconsin-school-meals-rock/school-breakfast>

Appendix G: Medicaid Direct Certification Frequently Asked Questions

All information on this page was retrieved from the Wisconsin Department Public Instruction. For more information on Direct Certification, contact Laura Paella at 608-267-9228 or laura.paella@dpi.wi.gov.

In December 2017, the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction (DPI) started matching qualified Medicaid recipient students through direct certification for free and reduced price meals. This is very exciting for Wisconsin as the state is able to match many more students for meals without an application.

New processes come with questions, and the Wisconsin DPI would like to share with you some frequently asked questions and their answers.

Question 1: *I ran direct certification, and now we have almost twice as many students qualified than when I ran it last time. Why is there an increase?*

Answer 1: Wisconsin has been chosen to participate in a demonstration of direct certification with Medicaid for students that are not already directly certified, and so children that participate in Medicaid and whose families' income are under 130% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL) are eligible for free lunches. Those with family income under 185% of FPL are eligible for reduced price lunches. Both of these groups of children are being directly certified for the first time. You may see a notable increase in the number of students directly certified, as in Wisconsin, this is affecting nearly an additional 100,000 students.

Question 2: *I had a family call and state that their child has never been on Medicaid but just matched with Medicaid for free or reduced price meals. What should I tell the family?*

Answer 2: From time to time, students in Wisconsin have the same first and last name and date of birth as another student in Wisconsin. These are called false positives. If a family believes their child matched erroneously, please let them know they may turn down benefits.

Question 3: *I am sending direct certification letters out to families notifying them that they are now qualified for free (or reduced price meals) based on Medicaid. I am getting calls from families telling me they do not understand why they are qualified or they state they have not been on the program for a while. What should I say to the family?*

Answer 3: BadgerCare Plus is the program on which students are being certified when we are talking about Direct Certification with Medicaid. BadgerCare Plus is a healthcare coverage program for low-income Wisconsin residents. If a student is eligible for BadgerCare Plus and has low enough family income, he/she will be enrolled for 12 months unless there are changes that impact eligibility. BadgerCare Plus is based on income and eligibility is determined by Income Maintenance agencies and computer systems under the supervision of the Department of Health Services.

Appendix H: Statewide School Breakfast Participation

The following two tables were created by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction for this report and were created using the Food Research and Action Center's (FRAC) School Breakfast Calculator.

Table 1: Free and Reduced Price Meal Eligible Student Participation in the School Breakfast Program (SBP) and National School Lunch Program (NSLP) for the 2016-17 School Year

School Name	Percent FRP Meal Eligible Students ¹	SBP FRP ADP ²	NSLP FRP ADP ³	SBP per NSLP ⁴	Rank
21st Century Preparatory	67.2	58	282	20.6	346
Abbotsford	57.9	225	408	55.2	116
Adams-Friendship	68.6	573	850	67.4	67
Albany	38.7	15	79	19.0	352
Algoma	36.6	86	183	47.2	169
Alma	26.8	47	50	94.0	7
Alma Center	57.3	131	273	48.0	164
Almond-Bancroft	39.5	84	124	67.9	64
Altoona	34.4	195	359	54.3	123
Amery	35.9	314	447	70.3	53
Antigo Unified	50.0	405	866	46.8	173
Appleton Area	37.1	2,102	4,152	50.6	143
Arcadia	63.9	367	612	59.9	92
Argyle	28.8	22	70	31.3	297
Arrowhead Union High	5.7	10	67	15.5	363
Ashland	57.8	370	853	43.3	206
Ashwaubenon	29.1	174	710	24.5	340
Athens	32.6	38	108	35.0	273
Auburndale	27.3	46	160	28.9	315
Augusta	45.0	134	206	65.2	73
Baldwin-Woodville	19.5	53	249	21.2	345
Bangor	30.3	64	152	42.4	214
Baraboo	40.5	322	776	41.4	218
Barneveld	11.6	9	45	19.7	348
Barron Area	53.8	223	458	48.8	159
Bayfield	69.7	173	250	69.1	60
Beaver Dam Unified	47.7	370	1225	30.2	308
Beecher-Dunbar-Pembine	59.3	45	107	42.2	215
Belleville	19.8	28	112	25.1	336
Belmont Community	34.7	42	94	44.9	195
Beloit	73.9	4,063	4,959	81.9	21
Beloit Turner	30.2	155	406	38.1	251
Benton	27.7	23	49	47.8	165
Berlin Area	47.9	229	490	46.8	172
Big Foot High School	39.1	53	1118	45.0	193

¹ FRP stands for free and reduced-price

² Indicates the average daily participation (ADP) of FRP meal eligible students in the School Breakfast Program

³ Indicates the average daily participation (ADP) of FRP meal eligible students in the National School Lunch Program

⁴ Indicates the number of students eating School Breakfast of those who are eating School Lunch. This is the national measure used to indicate participation in the School Breakfast Program. The national goal is 70% of FRP meal eligible students eating school lunch should also be eating school breakfast.

School Name	Percent FRP Meal Eligible Students ¹	SBP FRP ADP ²	NSLP FRP ADP ³	SBP per NSLP ⁴	Rank
Birchwood	54.2	81	129	63.1	81
Black Hawk	36.2	41	100	41.0	224
Black River Falls	44.8	393	639	61.5	88
Blair-Taylor	39.0	99	217	45.7	184
Bloomer	31.3	107	264	40.4	230
Bonduel	32.3	69	173	39.8	237
Boscobel Area	50.1	92	265	34.6	275
Bowler	49.0	81	133	61.3	89
Boyceville Community	40.4	138	223	62.1	84
Brillion	26.6	117	195	60.3	91
Bristol #1	17.9	19	96	19.6	350
Bruce	79.5	249	239	104.4	3
Bruce Guadalupe United Community Center	76.7	75	837	9.0	368
Burlington	32.4	477	695	68.6	62
Butternut	57.1	46	79	58.3	100
Cadott Community	40.7	136	276	49.2	156
Cambria-Friesland	44.2	43	119	36.4	263
Cambridge	18.2	21	119	17.7	360
Cameron	34.1	92	272	33.8	278
Campbellsport	22.9	14	216	6.4	373
Capitol West Academy	100	215	202	106.4	2
Cashton	38.1	53	179	29.9	310
Cassville	49.2	69	87	79.3	26
Central City Cyberschool Milwaukee, Inc.	96.8	284	360	79.0	29
Chequamegon	51.3	175	293	59.7	94
Chetek-Weyerhaeuser Area	37.5	156	268	58.1	101
Chilton	27.8	106	258	41.1	223
Chippewa Falls	36.7	1,049	1,424	73.7	42
Clayton	48.6	100	157	63.6	80
Clear Lake	39.6	115	211	54.7	119
Clintonville	48.2	164	460	35.6	269
Cochrane-Fountain City	32.5	93	162	57.5	106
Colby	52.2	181	408	44.5	199
Coleman	42.3	89	179	49.8	154
Colfax	40.8	147	257	57.4	107
Columbus	23.7	64	234	27.2	330
Cornell	60.7	157	189	83.0	19
Crandon	47.1	186	450	41.4	220
Crivitz	41.0	67	220	30.3	307
Cuba City	30.6	99	165	59.7	95
Cudahy	54.0	429	959	44.7	197
Cumberland	42.3	125	287	43.8	204
D.C. Everest	30.7	398	1,312	30.3	306
DeForest Area	16.2	109	435	25.0	338

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Delavan-Darien	54.5	474	1,146	41.3	222
Denmark	18.5	71	195	36.6	259
DePere Unified	18.8	49	611	8.0	371
DeSoto Area	45.7	125	178	70.2	55
DL Hines Preparatory Academy of Excellence	92.2	122	233	52.6	134
Dodgeland	41.4	57	218	26.0	335
Dodgeville	36.1	155	329	47.1	170
Drummond Area	56.1	108	175	61.8	86
Durand-Arkansaw	33.4	82	241	33.9	276
East Troy Community	22.8	109	254	43.1	212
Eau Claire Area	37.6	1,159	2,899	40.0	236
Edgar	26.3	59	121	49.0	157
Edgerton	30.2	138	362	38.0	252
Elcho	48.5	105	133	79.1	27
Eleva Strum	34.5	77	162	47.3	168
Elk Mound Area	27.7	166	240	69.1	59
Elkhorn Area	31.3	391	758	51.6	139
Ellsworth Community	26.4	82	306	26.8	331
Elmbrook	8.0	22	268	8.2	370
Elmwood	29.1	30	76	39.8	238
Fall Creek	22.0	45	146	30.9	302
Fall River	39.1	70	105	67.0	68
Fennimore	44.9	131	286	45.8	183
Flambeau	50.7	200	233	85.7	15
Florence	48.4	49	122	39.7	239
Fond du Lac	39.6	1,192	2,263	52.7	133
Fontana J8	29.6	24	47	50.5	146
Fort Atkinson	34.5	195	680	28.6	318
Frederic	54.2	137	210	65.4	72
Freedom Area	17.3	15	216	6.8	372
Gale-Ettrick-Trempealeau	22.9	113	225	50.2	150
Germantown	11.5	64	344	18.6	356
Gillett	52.3	93	193	48.2	161
Gilman	52.2	78	145	53.8	126
Gilmanton	45.3	19	57	33.3	282
Glenwood City	31.4	72	168	43.2	210
Goodman-Armstrong Creek	32.7	26	36	71.7	50
Grafton	14.3	10	190	5.2	375
Granton Area	60.7	49	110	44.8	196
Grantsburg	26.0	256	284	90.1	11
Green Bay	57.3	4,160	8,961	46.4	178
Greendale	23.4	80	423	18.9	355
Greenfield	42.9	294	1,071	27.4	328
Greenwood	47.8	77	148	51.6	138

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Gresham	55.1	71	142	50.3	149
Hartford Joint #1	34.6	121	443	27.4	329
Hartford Union High	20.7	58	201	28.8	316
Hartland Lakeside	16.8	10	117	8.5	369
Hayward Community	41.2	375	679	55.3	115
Herman-Neosho-Rubicon	25.4	16	56	27.9	322
Highland	21.1	15	48	31.4	295
Hillsboro	46.6	106	186	56.7	108
Holmen Area	25.3	356	780	45.6	185
Horicon	35.3	54	184	29.5	311
Hortonville	10.1	73	261	27.8	323
Howard-Suamico	17.9	299	773	38.7	248
Hudson	12.4	25	510	5.0	376
Hurley	47.1	66	184	35.8	268
Hustisford	31.8	46	99	46.5	176
Independence	53.3	84	144	58.0	103
Iola-Scandinavia	28.3	40	145	27.8	324
Iowa-Grant	38.4	90	209	43.1	211
Ithaca	40.0	49	134	36.6	258
Janesville	47.6	2,665	3,710	71.8	49
Jefferson	39.7	439	601	73.0	44
Johnson Creek	22.1	73	98	74.0	41
Juda	46.2	68	117	57.9	104
Kaukauna Area	24.0	272	599	45.4	186
Kenosha Common	49.9	3,182	7,683	41.4	219
Kewaskum	19.6	113	257	43.8	202
Kewaunee	34.9	100	245	40.9	226
Kickapoo Area	47.5	180	190	94.6	6
Kiel Area	16.6	54	161	33.4	279
Kimberly Area	14.4	120	479	25.1	337
Lac du Flambeau	90.9	295	422	70.0	56
LaCrosse	46.8	1,445	2,265	63.8	79
Ladysmith	55.5	272	328	82.8	20
LaFarge	54.8	91	106	85.9	14
Lake Geneva Joint #1	33.2	234	654	35.8	266
Lake Geneva-Genoa Union High	26.0	230	442	52.1	136
Lake Holcombe	49.2	68	127	53.0	130
Lake Mills	25.4	97	261	37.3	256
Lakeland Union High	39.5	90	178	50.5	147
Lancaster Community	36.2	93	279	33.2	283
Laona	41.5	49	100	48.8	158
Lena Public	36.9	40	121	32.8	289
Little Chute	29.6	114	294	38.6	249

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Lodi	17.4	74	180	40.8	228
Lomira	21.7	26	136	19.0	353
Loyal	45.5	129	191	67.9	65
Luck Joint	43.3	107	154	69.4	58
Madison Metro	46.1	4,913	8,684	56.6	109
Manawa	36.3	55	176	31.0	301
Manitowoc	41.0	498	1,515	32.9	285
Maple	31.6	205	300	68.4	63
Marathon City	16.4	44	94	46.4	177
Marinette	46.8	256	654	39.1	243
Marion	51.3	66	158	41.9	217
Markesan	33.9	50	203	24.8	339
Marshall	38.5	123	275	44.9	194
Marshfield	29.5	309	809	38.2	250
Mauston	54.1	340	568	59.8	93
McFarland	21.3	67	226	29.4	313
Medford Area	28.5	153	591	26.0	334
Mellen	58.4	66	99	66.6	69
Melrose Mindoro	39.7	115	230	50.1	153
Menasha	57.8	1,188	1,348	88.1	12
Menominee Indian	88.1	334	628	53.2	129
Menomonee Falls	15.5	82	434	19.0	354
Menomonie	32.5	605	836	72.4	46
Mequon-Thiensville	10.0	71	251	28.3	319
Mercer	54.8	51	62	81.5	22
Merrill Area Public	36.3	231	832	27.7	325
Middleton-Cross Plains	17.7	328	808	40.6	229
Milton	18.6	76	420	18.2	358
Milwaukee Academy of Science	93.5	668	877	76.1	34
Milwaukee Collegiate Academy	96.3	49	175	28.1	321
Milwaukee Math and Science Academy	100	229	307	74.8	37
Milwaukee Public	81.2	34,943	48,604	71.9	48
Milwaukee Scholars	100	342	514	66.6	70
Mineral Point	24.1	40	121	32.8	288
Minocqua Joint #1	37.3	51	145	35.4	271
Mishicot	23.6	65	149	43.2	209
Mondovi	35.7	134	237	56.4	110
Monona Grove	18.1	256	394	64.9	75
Monroe	36.5	272	594	45.9	181
Montello	43.4	113	204	55.4	114
Monticello	32.8	53	92	57.9	105
Mosinee	23.5	93	339	27.4	327
Mount Horeb Area	13.7	44	224	19.7	349
Mukwonago	11.8	13	440	3.1	377

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Necedah Area	56.3	161	287	56.3	111
Neenah Joint	25.5	587	1,058	55.5	113
Neillsville	41.3	111	297	37.5	254
Nekoosa	41.1	277	355	78.2	32
New Auburn	48.5	70	119	58.8	98
New Glarus	19.7	46	153	29.9	309
New Holstein	20.9	71	164	43.3	208
New Lisbon	48.0	151	199	75.6	35
New London	34.9	170	576	29.5	312
New Richmond	24.9	233	636	36.6	257
Niagara	42.1	64	191	33.4	281
North Crawford	51.3	121	154	78.3	31
North Fond du Lac	49.1	271	504	53.7	127
North Lakeland	37.6	43	52	83.0	18
Northern Ozaukee	12.4	41	100	41.4	221
Northland Pines	38.9	175	364	48.0	163
Northwood	58.6	140	165	85.1	16
Norwalk-Ontario-Wilton	53.9	226	294	76.9	33
Oak Creek-Franklin	23.9	166	1,014	16.4	361
Oakfield	23.6	13	88	14.3	366
Oconomowoc Area	15.6	49	380	13.0	367
Oconto Falls	30.9	189	397	47.7	167
Oconto Unified	44.0	174	279	62.5	83
Omro	29.0	192	259	74.1	40
Onalaska	26.4	233	578	40.3	233
Oregon	15.8	158	404	39.2	241
Osceola	23.5	134	327	40.9	227
Oshkosh Area	39.5	905	2,491	36.3	264
Osseo-Fairchild	36.9	125	229	54.7	120
Owen-Withee	45.3	110	189	58.4	99
Pardeeville	34.6	64	210	30.6	305
Parkview	30.5	73	179	41.0	225
Pecatonica Area	34.5	44	109	40.3	232
Penfield Montessori Academy, Inc.	89.6	29	23	121.8	1
Pepin Area	27.8	17	37	45.1	190
Peshtigo	33.2	66	291	22.6	341
Phelps	60.0	33	72	46.5	175
Phillips	44.1	135	232	58.1	102
Pittsville	34.3	117	148	78.9	30
Platteville	32.3	178	388	45.9	182
Plum City	1.2	36	101	35.4	270
Plymouth Joint	22.9	131	365	35.8	267
Port Edwards	40.1	57	126	45.0	192
Portage Community	37.1	291	642	45.3	187

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Potosi	33.2	52	87	60.3	90
Poynette	21.8	99	143	68.9	61
Prairie du Chien Area	50.3	132	422	31.3	296
Prairie Farm	40.7	70	129	54.3	122
Prentice	38.2	25	111	22.5	343
Prescott	17.4	50	158	31.7	294
Princeton	35.3	14	87	15.7	362
Pulaski Community	17.9	163	525	31.0	300
Racine Unified	62.7	4,933	9,310	53.0	131
Randall J1	22.6	28	96	28.6	317
Randolph	30.3	21	120	17.7	359
Random Lake	28.6	119	164	72.3	47
Reedsburg	42.6	549	813	67.5	66
Rhineland	44.2	346	785	44.0	201
Rib Lake	0	66	169	39.2	242
Rice Lake Area	40.2	250	626	40.0	235
Richfield Joint #1	6.8	7	20	32.8	286
Richland	53.7	200	514	38.9	246
Rio Community	36.6	90	125	72.6	45
Ripon	33.5	141	357	39.6	240
River Falls	19.2	150	472	31.7	293
River Ridge	38.2	54	175	30.7	304
River Valley	30.4	105	271	38.7	247
Riverdale	47.4	146	209	69.7	57
Rocketship Southside Community Prep	91.4	431	452	95.3	4
Rosholt	17.7	23	72	31.8	292
Royall	47.3	194	212	91.9	10
Salem	30.0	93	194	48.2	162
Sauk Prairie	26.2	225	481	46.9	171
School for Early Development & Achievement	96.8	56	59	95.3	5
Seeds of Health, Inc.	84.1	335	667	50.2	151
Seneca	55.6	105	141	74.6	39
Sevastopol	40.2	67	144	46.8	174
Seymour Community	29.6	302	511	59.1	97
Sharon J11	54.5	47	116	40.1	234
Shawano	45.6	436	869	50.2	152
Sheboygan Area	41.4	1,822	3,505	52.0	137
Sheboygan Falls	27.4	222	316	70.2	54
Shell Lake	49.7	172	264	65.0	74
Shiocton	26.9	38	139	27.5	326
Shorewood	16.3	26	179	14.7	365
Shullsburg	41.2	107	115	93.8	8
Silver Lake J1	32.6	66	117	55.9	112
Siren	57.6	147	221	66.5	71

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Slinger	12.4	56	291	19.3	351
Solon Springs	45.6	44	82	53.8	125
Somerset	19.5	66	180	36.5	261
South Milwaukee	48.9	770	1,084	71.0	52
South Shore	36.4	24	52	46.4	179
Southern Door	33.2	88	250	35.3	272
Southwestern Wisconsin Schools	42.8	57	174	32.8	287
Sparta Area	45.4	734	1,024	71.7	51
Spencer	40.5	116	211	55.2	117
Spooner Area	47.5	303	374	80.9	23
Spring Valley	26.1	29	160	18.2	357
St. Croix Central	15.8	73	174	41.9	216
St. Croix Falls	31.9	90	249	36.3	265
St. Francis	44.3	106	344	30.8	303
Stanley-Boyd	47.7	252	391	64.5	76
Stellar Collegiate, Inc.	82.1	66	82	80.5	24
Stevens Point	30.2	636	1,683	37.8	253
Stoughton Area	24.7	173	444	38.9	245
Stratford	18.8	63	123	51.5	140
Sturgeon Bay	38.5	195	303	64.1	77
Sun Prairie Area	24.5	603	1,355	44.5	198
Superior	44.7	938	1,574	59.6	96
Suring Public	48.5	70	137	50.7	141
Thorp	42.5	131	210	62.6	82
Three Lakes	42.0	71	132	53.7	128
Tigerton	55.4	50	92	54.0	124
Tomah Area	42.0	298	882	33.8	277
Tomahawk	15.0	149	295	50.7	142
Tomorrow River	21.3	30	194	15.2	364
Trevor-Wilmot Consolidated	29.5	35	112	31.2	298
Tri-County Area	53.7	123	272	45.3	188
Turtle Lake	46.2	83	166	50.4	148
Twin Lakes #4	45.1	45	123	36.4	262
Two Rivers	37.0	160	439	36.5	260
Union Grove J1	21.2	39	140	28.2	320
Unity	51.2	189	395	47.8	166
Valders Area	17.7	64	139	46.3	180
Verona Area	28.4	838	1,122	74.7	38
Viroqua Area	40.1	209	326	64.0	78
Wabeno	50.1	81	153	52.7	132
Walworth J1	56.1	109	216	50.5	145
Washburn	37.4	41	139	29.3	314
Waterford Graded	12.9	60	154	39.1	244
Waterloo	32.4	90	209	42.9	213

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Watertown Unified	37.8	508	1,128	45.1	191
Waukesha	33.0	937	2,676	35.0	274
Waupaca	39.3	210	631	33.4	280
Waupun Area	36.2	185	496	37.4	255
Wausau	43.4	1,697	3,116	54.5	121
Wausaukee	51.6	70	174	40.4	231
Wautoma Area	57.9	412	664	62.1	85
Wauwatosa	22.9	323	977	33.1	284
Wauzeka Steuben	45.9	107	116	92.3	9
Webster	58.5	166	303	54.9	118
West Allis	55.7	1,854	4,234	43.8	203
West Bend	26.7	405	1,301	31.1	299
West DePere	22.0	105	491	21.4	344
West Salem	23.6	96	302	31.8	291
Westby Area	32.3	122	251	48.7	160
Westfield	47.1	168	378	44.4	200
Weston	45.6	77	103	74.9	36
Weyauwega-Fremont	31.1	39	188	20.6	347
Wheatland J1	41.6	72	147	49.3	155
White Lake	56.2	96	112	85.9	13
Whitehall	39.0	118	233	50.6	144
Whitewater Unified	39.6	270	619	43.6	205
Whitnall	21.0	20	341	6.0	374
Wild Rose	33.1	94	178	52.5	135
Winneconne Community	16.2	39	173	22.5	342
Winter	59.6	108	129	84.1	17
Wisconsin Dells	45.2	253	559	45.1	189
Wisconsin Heights	22.3	32	121	26.4	333
Wisconsin Rapids	41.2	1034	1675	61.7	87
Wisconsin School for the Blind & Visually Impaired	40.4	12	15	79.0	28
Wisconsin School for the Deaf	27.8	18	22	80.3	25
Wittenberg-Birnamwood	35.5	112	345	32.5	290
Wonewoc Center	49.3	107	146	73.5	43
Woodruff J1	40.7	64	148	43.3	207
Wrightstown Community	18.6	56	210	26.8	332

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Table 2: Additional Participation and Federal Funding if 70 Low-Income Students Were Served Breakfast per 100 Receiving Lunch

School District	Additional Students Needed to Reach 70 FRP Students in SBP Per 100 in NSLP	Additional Federal Funding if 70 FRP Students in SBP Per 100 in NSLP
21st Century Preparatory	139	\$38,080
Abbotsford	61	\$17,304
Adams-Friendship	22	\$6,396
Albany	40	\$11,839
Algoma	42	\$11,941
Alma	*	*
Alma Center	60	\$17,247
Almond-Bancroft	3	\$787
Altoona	57	\$16,196
Amery	*	*
Antigo Unified	201	\$58,726
Appleton Area	804	\$233,942
Arcadia	62	\$17,878
Argyle	27	\$7,746
Arrowhead Union High	36	\$10,130
Ashland	227	\$68,237
Ashwaubenon	323	\$89,796
Athens	38	\$10,913
Auburndale	66	\$19,317
Augusta	10	\$2,796
Baldwin-Woodville	122	\$35,408
Bangor	42	\$11,956
Baraboo	222	\$62,870
Barneveld	23	\$4,136
Barron Area	97	\$31,573
Bayfield	2	\$657
Beaver Dam Unified	488	\$137,785
Beecher-Dunbar-Pembine	30	\$8,422
Belleville	50	\$14,694
Belmont Community	24	\$5,909
Beloit	*	*
Beloit Turner	129	\$38,099
Benton	11	\$3,170
Berlin Area	114	\$33,332
Big Foot High School	29	\$8,447
Birchwood	9	\$2,539
Black Hawk	29	\$8,403
Black River Falls	54	\$15,247
Blair-Taylor	53	\$14,683
Bloomer	78	\$22,011
Bonduel	52	\$15,079
Boscobel Area	94	\$28,951
Bowler	12	\$3,258
Boyceville Community	18	\$5,072
Brillion	19	\$5,274
Bristol #1	48	\$14,144
Bruce	*	*
Bruce Guadalupe United Community Center	511	\$137,624

*Indicates district has already reached a 70 percent or higher participation rate

School District	Additional Students Needed to Reach 70 FRP Students in SBP Per 100 in NSLP	Additional Federal Funding if 70 FRP Students in SBP Per 100 in NSLP
Burlington	10	\$2,724
Butternut	9	\$2,640
Cadott Community	57	\$16,426
Cambria-Friesland	40	\$11,333
Cambridge	62	\$17,927
Cameron	98	\$27,703
Campbellsport	138	\$39,404
Capitol West Academy	*	*
Cashton	72	\$19,924
Cassville	*	*
Central City Cyberschool Milwaukee, Inc.	*	*
Chequamegon	30	\$8,534
Chetek-Weyerhaeuser Area	32	\$9,106
Chilton	75	\$21,354
Chippewa Falls	*	*
Clayton	10	\$2,896
Clear Lake	32	\$9,051
Clintonville	158	\$46,056
Cochrane-Fountain City	20	\$5,389
Colby	104	\$30,720
Coleman	36	\$10,210
Colfax	32	\$9,229
Columbus	100	\$29,119
Cornell	*	*
Crandon	129	\$37,642
Crivitz	87	\$24,928
Cuba City	17	\$4,814
Cudahy	242	\$69,620
Cumberland	75	\$22,477
D.C. Everest	520	\$145,306
DeForest Area	196	\$56,192
Delavan-Darien	329	\$92,302
Denmark	65	\$19,004
DePere Unified	379	\$107,056
DeSoto Area	*	*
DL Hines Preparatory Academy of Excellence	40	\$11,285
Dodgeland	96	\$26,971
Dodgeville	75	\$21,577
Drummond Area	14	\$4,104
Durand-Arkansaw	87	\$24,451
East Troy Community	68	\$19,882
Eau Claire Area	870	\$246,226
Edgar	25	\$7,239
Edgerton	116	\$32,050
Elcho	*	*
Eleva Strum	37	\$10,779
Elk Mound Area	2	\$602
Elkhorn Area	140	\$38,264
Ellsworth Community	132	\$36,461
Elmbrook	165	\$48,525
Elmwood	23	\$6,567

*Indicates district has already reached a 70 percent or higher participation rate

School District	Additional Students Needed to Reach 70 FRP Students in SBP Per 100 in NSLP	Additional Federal Funding if 70 FRP Students in SBP Per 100 in NSLP
Fall Creek	57	\$17,139
Fall River	3	\$909
Fennimore	69	\$19,856
Flambeau	*	*
Florence	37	\$10,306
Fond du Lac	392	\$113,462
Fontana J8	9	\$2,582
Fort Atkinson	281	\$81,166
Frederic	10	\$2,752
Freedom Area	136	\$39,865
Gale-Ettrick-Trempealeau	44	\$12,280
Germantown	177	\$50,154
Gillett	42	\$12,327
Gilman	24	\$6,680
Gilmanton	21	\$6,055
Glenwood City	45	\$12,895
Goodman-Armstrong Creek	*	*
Grafton	123	\$35,548
Granton Area	28	\$7,956
Grantsburg	*	*
Green Bay	2,113	\$632,143
Greendale	216	\$60,497
Greenfield	456	\$131,901
Greenwood	27	\$8,025
Gresham	28	\$7,971
Hartford Joint #1	189	\$53,787
Hartford Union High	83	\$23,021
Hartland Lakeside	72	\$20,892
Hayward Community	100	\$29,058
Herman-Neosho-Rubicon	24	\$6,740
Highland	18	\$4,370
Hillsboro	25	\$7,374
Holmen Area	190	\$54,524
Horicon	75	\$21,772
Hortonville	110	\$31,372
Howard-Suamico	242	\$67,109
Hudson	332	\$95,595
Hurley	63	\$17,840
Hustisford	23	\$6,796
Independence	17	\$5,193
Iola-Scandinavia	61	\$17,503
Iowa-Grant	56	\$15,688
Ithaca	45	\$12,534
Janesville	*	*
Jefferson	*	*
Johnson Creek	*	*
Juda	14	\$4,074
Kaukauna Area	147	\$42,218
Kenosha Common	2,196	\$651,375
Kewaskum	67	\$19,654
Kewaunee	71	\$20,442

*Indicates district has already reached a 70 percent or higher participation rate

School District	Additional Students Needed to Reach 70 FRP Students in SBP Per 100 in NSLP	Additional Federal Funding if 70 FRP Students in SBP Per 100 in NSLP
Kickapoo Area	*	*
Kiel Area	59	\$17,268
Kimberly Area	215	\$60,168
Lac du Flambeau	*	*
LaCrosse	140	\$40,956
Ladysmith	*	*
LaFarge	*	*
Lake Geneva Joint #1	223	\$64,368
Lake Geneva-Genoa Union High	79	\$23,363
Lake Holcombe	22	\$5,938
Lake Mills	85	\$24,040
Lakeland Union High	35	\$9,968
Lancaster Community	103	\$29,275
Laona	21	\$6,027
Lena Public	45	\$12,979
Little Chute	92	\$27,059
Lodi	53	\$14,545
Lomira	69	\$20,381
Loyal	4	\$1,156
Luck Joint	1	\$240
Madison Metro	1,166	\$342,298
Manawa	69	\$19,496
Manitowoc	563	\$161,915
Maple	5	\$1,393
Marathon City	22	\$6,263
Marinette	202	\$55,930
Marion	44	\$12,948
Markesan	92	\$26,289
Marshall	69	\$19,681
Marshfield	258	\$76,605
Mauston	58	\$16,458
McFarland	92	\$25,658
Medford Area	260	\$75,255
Mellen	3	\$990
Melrose Mindoro	46	\$12,915
Menasha	*	*
Menominee Indian	106	\$30,315
Menomonee Falls	221	\$65,948
Menomonie	*	*
Mequon-Thiensville	105	\$29,162
Mercer	*	*
Merrill Area Public	352	\$99,750
Middleton-Cross Plains	237	\$65,577
Milton	218	\$59,713
Milwaukee Academy of Science	*	*
Milwaukee Collegiate Academy	73	\$20,783
Milwaukee Math and Science Academy	*	*
Milwaukee Public	*	*
Milwaukee Scholars	18	\$5,043
Mineral Point	45	\$12,689
Minocqua Joint #1	50	\$14,702

*Indicates district has already reached a 70 percent or higher participation rate

School District	Additional Students Needed to Reach 70 FRP Students in SBP Per 100 in NSLP	Additional Federal Funding if 70 FRP Students in SBP Per 100 in NSLP
Mishicot	40	\$11,830
Mondovi	32	\$8,490
Monona Grove	20	\$5,714
Monroe	143	\$41,930
Montello	30	\$8,523
Monticello	11	\$3,207
Mosinee	144	\$40,394
Mount Horeb Area	113	\$31,745
Mukwonago	294	\$83,296
Necedah Area	39	\$10,710
Neenah Joint	154	\$43,372
Neillsville	97	\$27,895
Nekoosa	*	*
New Auburn	13	\$3,703
New Glarus	61	\$17,823
New Holstein	44	\$12,827
New Lisbon	*	*
New London	233	\$66,365
New Richmond	212	\$62,114
Niagara	70	\$20,085
North Crawford	*	*
North Fond du Lac	82	\$22,955
North Lakeland	*	*
Northern Ozaukee	29	\$8,315
Northland Pines	80	\$22,556
Northwood	*	*
Norwalk-Ontario-Wilton	*	*
Oak Creek-Franklin	544	\$154,031
Oakfield	49	\$14,607
Oconomowoc Area	217	\$62,205
Oconto Falls	89	\$25,573
Oconto Unified	21	\$5,943
Omro	*	*
Onalaska	171	\$48,050
Oregon	124	\$35,709
Osceola	95	\$26,619
Oshkosh Area	839	\$244,436
Osseo-Fairchild	35	\$10,107
Owen-Withee	22	\$6,323
Pardeeville	83	\$22,961
Parkview	52	\$14,297
Pecatonica Area	32	\$9,063
Penfield Montessori Academy, Inc.	*	*
Pepin Area	9	\$2,639
Peshtigo	138	\$38,777
Phelps	17	\$4,881
Phillips	28	\$8,150
Pittsville	*	*
Platteville	94	\$27,295
Plum City	35	\$9,479
Plymouth Joint	125	\$35,215

*Indicates district has already reached a 70 percent or higher participation rate

School District	Additional Students Needed to Reach 70 FRP Students in SBP Per 100 in NSLP	Additional Federal Funding if 70 FRP Students in SBP Per 100 in NSLP
Port Edwards	32	\$9,174
Portage Community	159	\$45,803
Potosi	8	\$2,388
Poynette	2	\$436
Prairie du Chien Area	163	\$47,093
Prairie Farm	20	\$5,456
Prentice	53	\$15,977
Prescott	60	\$16,999
Princeton	47	\$14,029
Pulaski Community	205	\$57,337
Racine Unified	1,584	\$461,978
Randall J1	40	\$11,466
Randolph	62	\$17,922
Random Lake	*	*
Reedsburg	20	\$5,694
Rhineland	204	\$57,219
Rib Lake	52	\$14,908
Rice Lake Area	187	\$54,818
Richfield Joint #1	7	\$2,146
Richland	160	\$44,063
Rio Community	*	*
Ripon	108	\$30,580
River Falls	181	\$51,738
River Ridge	69	\$19,130
River Valley	85	\$23,217
Riverdale	1	\$190
Rocketship Southside Community Prep	*	*
Rosholt	28	\$7,671
Royall	*	*
Salem	42	\$12,194
Sauk Prairie	111	\$31,051
School for Early Development & Achievement	*	*
Seeds of Health, Inc.	132	\$38,202
Seneca	*	*
Sevastopol	33	\$9,512
Seymour Community	56	\$15,673
Sharon J11	35	\$10,700
Shawano	172	\$48,453
Sheboygan Area	632	\$182,391
Sheboygan Falls	*	*
Shell Lake	13	\$3,758
Shiocton	59	\$16,983
Shorewood	99	\$29,080
Shullsburg	*	*
Silver Lake J1	17	\$4,729
Siren	8	\$2,291
Slinger	148	\$42,976
Solon Springs	13	\$3,840
Somerset	60	\$17,480
South Milwaukee	*	*
South Shore	12	\$3,536

*Indicates district has already reached a 70 percent or higher participation rate

School District	Additional Students Needed to Reach 70 FRP Students in SBP Per 100 in NSLP	Additional Federal Funding if 70 FRP Students in SBP Per 100 in NSLP
Southern Door	87	\$25,603
Southwestern Wisconsin Schools	65	\$18,099
Sparta Area	*	*
Spencer	31	\$9,519
Spooner Area	*	*
Spring Valley	83	\$23,263
St. Croix Central	49	\$13,628
St. Croix Falls	84	\$24,213
St. Francis	135	\$39,306
Stanley-Boyd	21	\$6,119
Stellar Collegiate, Inc.	*	*
Stevens Point	542	\$151,447
Stoughton Area	138	\$39,280
Stratford	23	\$6,454
Sturgeon Bay	18	\$5,100
Sun Prairie Area	345	\$100,115
Superior	163	\$45,777
Suring Public	26	\$7,585
Thorp	15	\$4,403
Three Lakes	21	\$6,155
Tigerton	15	\$4,699
Tomah Area	319	\$87,474
Tomahawk	57	\$15,966
Tomorrow River	106	\$30,358
Trevor-Wilmot Consolidated	43	\$12,316
Tri-County Area	67	\$19,931
Turtle Lake	32	\$9,449
Twin Lakes #4	41	\$11,675
Two Rivers	147	\$42,150
Union Grove J1	58	\$17,000
Unity	88	\$25,237
Valders Area	33	\$9,495
Verona Area	*	*
Viroqua Area	20	\$5,464
Wabeno	27	\$7,496
Walworth J1	42	\$12,190
Washburn	57	\$16,212
Waterford Graded	48	\$10,074
Waterloo	57	\$16,506
Watertown Unified	281	\$79,320
Waukesha	937	\$271,646
Waupaca	231	\$66,560
Waupun Area	162	\$45,775
Wausau	484	\$137,613
Wausaukee	52	\$14,913
Wautoma Area	53	\$15,356
Wauwatosa	361	\$104,362
Wauzeka Steuben	*	*
Webster	46	\$13,287
West Allis	1,110	\$317,152
West Bend	506	\$143,806

*Indicates district has already reached a 70 percent or higher participation rate

School District	Additional Students Needed to Reach 70 FRP Students in SBP Per 100 in NSLP	Additional Federal Funding if 70 FRP Students in SBP Per 100 in NSLP
West DePere	239	\$69,642
West Salem	115	\$33,907
Westby Area	53	\$15,011
Westfield	97	\$27,409
Weston	*	*
Weyauwega-Fremont	93	\$26,727
Wheatland J1	30	\$8,734
White Lake	*	*
Whitehall	45	\$12,482
Whitewater Unified	163	\$47,176
Whitnall	219	\$62,681
Wild Rose	31	\$8,968
Winneconne Community	82	\$24,830
Winter	*	*
Wisconsin Dells	139	\$39,839
Wisconsin Heights	53	\$14,505
Wisconsin Rapids	139	\$39,646
Wisconsin School for the Blind & Visually Impaired	*	*
Wisconsin School for the Deaf	*	*
Wittenberg-Birnamwood	129	\$37,383
Wonewoc Center	*	*
Woodruff J1	40	\$11,153
Wrightstown Community	91	\$24,321

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Footnotes

- 1 Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction (2017). Wisconsin School Free/Reduced Eligibility Data. Retrieved from: <<https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics>>.
- 2 US Census Bureau (2017). Community Facts: 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. Retrieved from American FactFinder website: <<https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?src=CF>>.
- 3 Melcher Philbin, E., Rosso, R. (2018). School Breakfast Scorecard: School Year 2016-2017. Retrieved from the Food Research & Action Center Website: <http://www.frac.org/research/resource-library/school-breakfast-scorecard-2016-2017-school-year-february-2018>.
- 4 Adolphus, K., et al. (August 2013). "The effects of breakfast on behavior and academic performance in children and adolescents," *Frontiers in Human Neuroscience*, 7:425.
- 5 Weinreb, L., Wehler, C., Perloff, J., et al (2002). Hunger: Its Impact on Children's Health and Mental Health (Vol. 110, no. 4, pp. 1-9). Retrieved from Pediatrics website: <<http://www.pediatrics.org/cgi/content/full/110/4/e41>>.
- 6 Augustine-Thottungal, R., Kern, J., Key, J., Sherman, B. (2013). Ending Childhood Hunger: A Social Impact Analysis. Study compiled by Deloitte and Share Our Strength. Retrieved from No Kid Hungry's Website: <http://bestpractices.nokidhungry.org/sites/default/files/download-resource/Ending%20Childhood%20Hunger%3A%20A%20Social%20Impact%20Analysis.pdf>.
- 7 Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction (2017). School Breakfast Program Enrollment and Participation Report: October 2016. Retrieved from: <<https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics>>.
- 8 Department of Agriculture. Food and Nutrition Service. "Child Nutrition Programs: Income Eligibility Guidelines." *Federal Register*, vol. 81, no. 56, 2016, p. 15503. <<https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2016-03-23/pdf/2016-06463.pdf>>
- 9 Free and Reduced Price Meal Applications and Eligibility. Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction, 2017. "Income Eligibility Guidelines." <<https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/national-school-lunch-program/free-reduced-applications#rr>>.
- 10 Hewins, Jessie; Rosso, Randy. "School Breakfast Scorecard: School Year 2015-2016." Research and Data. <<http://frac.org/wp-content/uploads/school-breakfast-scorecard-sy-2015-2016.pdf>>.
- 11 Melcher Philbin, E., Rosso, R. (2018). School Breakfast Scorecard: School Year 2016-2017. Retrieved from the Food Research & Action Center Website: <http://www.frac.org/research/resource-library/school-breakfast-scorecard-2016-2017-school-year-february-2018>.
- 12 School Breakfast Program and Lunch Enrollment and Participation Report: October 2007 and October 2016. Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction, 2017. "Program Statistics." <<https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/program-statistics>>.
- 13 The breakfast participation rate is based off of students qualifying for free and reduced price meals
- 14 Breakfast in the Classroom. Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. "Resources for the School Breakfast Program." <<https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/resources>>.
- 15 Grab n' Go Breakfast. Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. "Resources for the School Breakfast Program." <<https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/resources>>.
- 16 Mid-Morning Nutrition Break. Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. "Resources for the School Breakfast Program." <<https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/resources>>.
- 17 https://healthymeals.fns.usda.gov/sites/default/files/uploads/1415_np_brkfst_BestPractices_0.pdf
- 18 Severe Need Breakfast. Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. "Severe Need Breakfast." <<https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/severe-need-breakfast>>.
- 19 Elimination of Reduced Price Breakfast. Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. "Resources for the School Breakfast Program." <<https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/resources>>.
- 20 Universal Free Breakfast. Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. "Resources for the School Breakfast Program." <<https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/school-breakfast-program/resources>>.
- 21 <http://www.fns.usda.gov/school-meals/community-eligibility-provision>
- 22 <http://www.fns.usda.gov/direct-certification-national-school-lunch-program-state-implementation-progress-school-year-2012>
- 23 <http://frac.org/federal-foodnutrition-programs/national-school-lunch-program/eligibility/>
- 24 <http://www.doe.in.gov/sites/default/files/nutrition/sp21-2014.pdf>
- 25 Senators Unger, Edgell, Cookman, Laird, Miller, Palumbo, Plymale, Prezioso, Stollings, M. Hall and Barnes. "Senate Bill No. 663." West Virginia Legislature, 2013. <<https://boe.jeff.k12.wv.us/site/handlers/filedownload.ashx?moduleinstanceid=9912&dataid=12806&FileName=SB663%20ENR%20PRINTED.pdf>>.
- 26 <http://www.legis.state.tx.us/tlodocs/83R/analysis/pdf/SB00376F.pdf#navpanes=0>
- 27 SB503: Breakfast after the Bell 2015-16 School Year Final Report. Nevada Department of Agriculture. 2017. <http://agri.nv.gov/uploadedFiles/agrinvgov/Content/Resources/Data_and_Reports/FND/sb503_report_1516_final.pdf>.
- 28 Illinois Senate Bill 2392: Breakfast After the Bell. No Kid Hungry. <https://bestpractices.nokidhungry.org/sites/default/files/resources/illinois_senate_bill_2393-_breakfast_after_the_bell.pdf>.



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Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights
1400 Independence Avenue, SW
Washington, D.C. 20250-9410;**
- (2) **fax: (202) 690-7442; or**
- (3) **email: program.intake@usda.gov.**

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